

GenCore version 5.1.6
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2005 Compugen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 16, 2005, 20:10:09 ; Search time 127 Seconds
(without alignments)
15.227 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-716-030-1

Perfect score: 24

Sequence: 1 LNRRRA 5

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 2105692 seqs, 386760381 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 2105692

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

A_Geneseq_16Dec04:*
1: geneseq1980s:*
2: geneseq1990s:*
3: geneseq2000s:*
4: geneseq2001s:*
5: geneseq2002s:*
6: geneseq2003as:*
7: geneseq2003bs:*
8: geneseq2004s:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	24	100.0	7	AD152979	Ad152979 Polysacch
2	24	100.0	11	ABG94362	Abg94362 Human tum
3	24	100.0	11	ABG80698	Abg80698 Human tum
4	24	100.0	11	AD140738	Ad140738 Human TNF
5	24	100.0	14	ADA19860	Ada19860 TNFalpha
6	24	100.0	14	AD140811	Ad140811 C-TNF- α lp
7	24	100.0	16	ADA19837	Ada19837 TNFalpha
8	24	100.0	16	ADA19839	Ada19839 TNFalpha
9	24	100.0	16	ADA19856	Ada19856 TNFalpha
10	24	100.0	16	ADA19851	Ada19851 TNFalpha
11	24	100.0	16	ADA19833	Ada19833 TNFalpha
12	24	100.0	17	ADA19836	Ada19836 TNFalpha
13	24	100.0	17	ABR42094	AbR42094 Human tum
14	24	100.0	20	AA05522	Aa05522 Tumour ne
15	24	100.0	21	AA06807	Aa06807 Tumour ne
16	24	100.0	30	AA05523	Aa05523 Tumour ne
17	24	100.0	30	AA06804	Aa06804 Tumour ne
18	24	100.0	30	ADA19844	Ada19844 TNFalpha
19	24	100.0	30	ADA19845	Ada19845 TNFalpha
20	24	100.0	30	ADA19854	Ada19854 TNFalpha
21	24	100.0	30	ADA19847	Ada19847 TNFalpha
22	24	100.0	30	ADA19850	Ada19850 TNFalpha
23	24	100.0	30	ADA19858	Ada19858 TNFalpha
24	24	100.0	30	ADA19832	Ada19832 TNFalpha
25	24	100.0	30	ADA19827	Ada19827 TNFalpha

ALIGNMENTS

26	24	100.0	30	6	ADA19841	Ada19841 TNFalpha
27	24	100.0	30	7	ADK41113	Adk41113 Human tum
28	24	100.0	31	6	ADA19830	Ada19830 TNFalpha
29	24	100.0	31	6	ADA19849	Ada19849 TNFalpha
30	24	100.0	31	6	ADA19857	Ada19857 TNFalpha
31	24	100.0	31	6	ADA19838	Ada19838 TNFalpha
32	24	100.0	32	8	ABO58737	AbO58737 Human gen
33	24	100.0	35	7	ADK41079	Adk41079 Human tum
34	24	100.0	36	3	AA838436	Aa838436 Fragment
35	24	100.0	51	4	AAE13097	Aae13097 Peptide #
36	24	100.0	51	5	AA666035	Aa666035 Amino aci
37	24	100.0	51	8	ADL16846	Adl16846 BTL-010 P
38	24	100.0	52	8	ADJ36285	Adj36285 Self-coal
39	24	100.0	69	3	AA601730	Aa601730 Human sec
40	24	100.0	70	5	ABP34565	Abp34565 Human cyt
41	24	100.0	87	5	ABP34953	Abp34953 Human ORF
42	24	100.0	88	4	AAU52620	Aau52620 Proionib
43	24	100.0	88	6	ABM49139	Abm49139 Proionib
44	24	100.0	102	2	AAW95352	Aaw95352 Human adu
45	24	100.0	102	7	ADA44978	Ada44978 Human pol

RESULT 1
AD152979 standard; peptide; 7 AA.

AD152979;

06-MAY-2004 (first entry)

Polysaccharide binding (PB) peptide #15.

Drug delivery; polysaccharide binding; PB.

Unidentified.

US2003190364-A1.

09-OCT-2003.

01-APR-2003; 2003US-00405339.

01-APR-2002; 2002US-0369568P.

(PANT/) PANITCH A.

(SEAL/) SEAL B.

Pantich A, Seal B,

WPI; 2004-069109/07.

Composition useful for releasing therapeutic agent comprises a polymer network, several polysaccharide binding polypeptides bound to the polypeptides.

network and negatively charged polysaccharides bound to the polypeptides.

Claim 9; SEQ ID NO 40; 33pp; English.

The present invention provides compositions for drug delivery, comprising a polymer network, several polysaccharide binding (PB) polypeptides and

negatively charged polysaccharides. The present sequence is

polysaccharide binding (PB) peptide.

Sequence 7 AA;

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 24; DB 8; Length 7;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1 LNRRRA 5

|||||

Db 1 LNRRRA 5

RESULT 2

ID ABG94362 standard; peptide, 11 AA.

AC ABG94362;

DT 10-DEC-2002 (first entry)

DE Human tumour necrosis factor (TNF) epitope #2.

KW Human; mouse; rat; antimicrobial; antiallergic; immunomodulatory; cytostatic; antiviral; antidiabetic; hypoglycaemic; antigen array; vaccine; infectious disease.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200256905-A2.

PD 25-JUL-2002.

PF 21-JAN-2002; 2002WO-IB000166.

PR 19-JAN-2001; 2001US-0262379P.

PR 04-MAY-2001; 2001US-0288549P.

PR 05-OCT-2001; 2001US-0326989P.

PR 07-NOV-2001; 2001US-0331045P.

PA (CYTO-) CYTOS BIOTECHNOLOGY AG.

PI Renner W., Bachmann M., Tisot A., Maurer P., Lechner F., Sebbel P.

PS Piossek C;

PP Molecular antigen array used in the production of vaccines for infectious diseases.

PS Disclosure; Page 82; 441pp; English.

This invention relates to a novel ordered and repetitive antigen array used in the production of vaccines for infectious diseases. The invention also discloses a composition comprising a non-natural molecular scaffold comprising a core particle selected from a core particle of a non-natural origin and a core particle of natural origin and an organiser comprising at least one first attachment site, where the organiser is connected to the core particle by at least one covalent bond. Also disclosed is an antigen or antigenic determinant with at least one second attachment site, where the antigen or antigenic determinant is anyfold beta peptide (Abeta1-42) or its fragment and where the second attachment site is selected from an attachment site not naturally occurring with the antigen or antigenic determinant and an attachment site naturally occurring with the antigen or antigenic determinant, where the second attachment site is capable of association through at least one non-peptide bond to the first attachment site and where the antigen or antigenic determinant and the scaffold interact through the association to form an ordered and repetitive antigen array. The invention also comprises a coat protein capable of forming a capsid which comprises mutant Obeta coat proteins having an amino acid sequence selected from five amino acid sequences fully defined in the specification. The compounds of the invention may have antimicrobial, antiallergic, immunomodulatory, cytostatic, antiviral, antidiabetic, or hypoglycaemic activities and may be used in immunisation and as a vaccine. The present sequence represents a protein sequence used to create the compositions of the invention

SQ Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 5; Length 11;

Beat Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02; Mismatches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 LNRRRA 5
Db 5 LNRRRA 9

RESULT 3

ID ABG80698 standard; peptide, 11 AA.

AC ABG80698;

DT 29-NOV-2002 (first entry)

DE Human tumour necrosis factor 22-32 epitope.

Molecular antigen array; vaccine; antigen; antimicrobial; molecular scaffold; amyloid beta; Abeta 1-42; influenza; graft versus host disease; IgE-mediated allergic reaction; anaphylaxis; adult respiratory distress syndrome; ARDS; Crohn's disease; allergic asthma; acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; non-Hodgkin's lymphoma; Grave's disease; systemic lupus erythematosus; osteoporosis; inflammatory immune disease; myasthenia gravis; multiple sclerosis; immunoproliferative disease lymphadenopathy; Alzheimer's disease; angioimmunoproliferative lymphadenopathy; immunoblastic lymphadenopathy; rheumatoid arthritis; diabetes; infectious disease; factor Xa; enterokinase; cysteine-containing linker.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200256907-A2.

PD 25-JUL-2002.

PF 21-JAN-2002; 2002WO-IB000168.

PR 19-JAN-2001; 2001US-0262379P.

PR 04-MAY-2001; 2001US-0288549P.

PR 05-OCT-2001; 2001US-0326989P.

PR 07-NOV-2001; 2001US-0331045P.

PA (CYTO-) CYTOS BIOTECHNOLOGY AG.

PI (NOVS) NOVARTIS PHARMA AG.

PA (MAUR/) MAURER P.

PA (LECH/) LECHNER F.

PA (ORTM/) ORTMANN R.

PA (LUBO/) LUBOWEND R.

PA (STAU/) STAUFENBIEL M.

PA (FREY/) FREY P.

PI Maurer P., Lechner F., Ortmann R., Luegend R., Staufenbiel M., Frey P,

PI Renner W., Bachmann M., Tisot A., Sebbel P., Piossek C;

PS WPI; 2002-636514/68.

PP Molecular antigen array used in the production of vaccines for infectious diseases.

PS Disclosure; Page 82; 418pp; English.

The invention relates to a composition comprising: (a) a non-natural molecular scaffold comprising: (1) a core particle selected from: (1) a core particle of a non-natural origin; and (2) a core particle of natural origin; and (1) an organiser comprising at least one first attachment site, where the organiser is connected to the core particle by at least one covalent bond; (b) an antigen or antigenic determinant with at least one second attachment site, where the antigen or antigenic determinant is amyloid beta peptide (Abeta 1-42) or its fragment, and where the second attachment site is selected from: (1) an attachment site not naturally occurring with the antigen or antigenic determinant; and (1) an attachment site naturally occurring with the antigen or antigenic determinant, where the second attachment site is capable of association through at least one non-peptide bond to the first attachment site; and where the antigen or antigenic determinant and the scaffold interact

CC through the association to form an ordered and repetitive antigen array.
CC Also included is a process for producing a non-naturally occurring
CC ordered and repetitive antigen array. The composition is used in
CC immunisation and as a vaccine for diseases such as influenza, graft
CC versus host disease, IGE-mediated allergic reactions, anaphylaxis, adult
CC respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), Crohn's disease, allergic asthma,
CC acute lymphoblastic leukaemia, non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, Grave's disease,
CC systemic lupus erythematosus, inflammatory immune diseases, myasthenia
CC gravis, immunoproliferative disease lymphadenopathy,
CC angioimmunoproliferative lymphadenopathy, immunolative lymphadenopathy,
CC rheumatoid arthritis, diabetes, multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease,
CC osteoporosis and infectious diseases. The present sequence is an antigen
CC for use in the array of the invention. The antigen is modified to possess
CC a cleavage site (enterokinase or factor Xa) and a Cysteine-containing N-
CC or C-terminal linker peptide which serves as the attachment point to a
CC virus like particle or bacterial protein (the scaffold protein)
SQ Sequence 11 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 5; Length 11;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 LNRRRA 5
DB 5 LNRRRA 9
RESULT 4
ADI40738
ID ADI40738 standard; peptide; 11 AA.
XX
XX
AC ADI40738;
XX
DT 22-APR-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human TNF-alpha peptide SEQ ID NO:29.
XX
XX virus-like particle; bacteriophage AP205; coat protein; cytosstatic;
KW vaccine; gene therapy; cancer; allergy; asthma; TNF-alpha.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN MO2004007538-AA2.
XX
PD 22-JAN-2004.
XX
PF 14-JUL-2003; 2003MO-BE007572.
XX
PR 17-JUL-2002; 2002US-0396126P.
XX
PA (CYTO-) CYTOS BIOTECHNOLOGY AG.
XX
PI Bachmann MF, Tisbet A, Pumpens P, Cielens I, Renhofa R;
XX
DR MPI; 2004-122882/12.
XX
PT New virus-like particle, useful for preparing a composition for treating
XX or preventing a disease e.g., cancer, allergy or asthma.
XX
PS Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 29; 170pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention describes a virus-like particle (I) which
CC comprises: (a) a protein having the 131-amino acid sequence of
CC bacteriophage AP205 coat protein or the mutant coat protein, see ADI40710
CC or ADI40712 respectively; or (b) a mutin of the protein of (a). Also
CC described: (1) a mutin of the recombinant protein having the 131-amino
CC acid sequence, (2) a vector for producing a AP205 virus like particle
CC comprising a nucleotide sequence being at least 80, 90, 95 or 99%
CC identical to that of the sequence comprising 3635 or 3613 bp or producing
CC a recombinant protein comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a
CC polypeptide fused to a protein; (3) a pharmaceutical composition
CC comprising the composition and a carrier; (4) a process for producing a

CC non-naturally occurring, ordered and repetitive antigen array; (5) a
CC method of treating or preventing a disease, disorder or physiologic
CC conditions in an individual; (6) a nucleic acid molecule comprising 3635-
CC bp sequence; (7) a host cell containing a nucleic acid or a vector; and
CC (8) a method of producing the virus-like particle. (I) has cytosstatic
CC activity, and can be used in vaccines, and in gene therapy. The virus-
CC like particle is useful for preparing a composition for treating or
CC preventing a disease e.g., cancer, allergy or asthma. The present
CC sequence represents a TNF-alpha peptide, which is used in the
CC exemplification of the present invention.
SQ Sequence 11 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 8; Length 11;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 LNRRRA 5
DB 5 LNRRRA 9
RESULT 5
ADA19860
ID ADA19860 standard; peptide; 14 AA.
XX
XX
AC ADA19860;
XX
DT 20-NOV-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE TNFalpha receptor binding peptide SEQ ID NO:34.
XX
XX molecular library; identification; detection; binding site;
KW tumour necrosis factor alpha; TNFalpha; protein-protein interaction;
KW protein-nucleic acid interaction; nucleic acid-nucleic acid interaction;
KW TNFalpha receptor; tumour necrosis factor alpha receptor;
KW inflammatory disease; Crohn's disease; intestinal ulceration;
KW intestinal irritation.
XX
OS Synthetic.
XX
PN EP1279962-A1.
XX
PD 29-JAN-2003.
XX
PF 27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.
XX
PR 27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.
XX
PA (PEPS-) PEPSCAN SYSTEMS BV.
XX
PI Slootstra JW, Puljk WC, Van Dijk E;
XX
DR MPI; 2003-259178/26.
XX
PT Producing molecular library for identifying binding site of tumor
XX necrosis factor-alpha, comprises providing the library with many
XX molecules produced by segmental linkage of nucleic acids or peptides.
XX
PS Disclosure; Page 22; 70pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention describes a method (M1) for producing a molecular
CC library for identifying or detecting a binding site of tumour necrosis
CC factor alpha (TNFalpha). (M1) comprises providing the library with
CC several molecules, and further generating at least one of the molecules
CC by linking a first segment to a second segment. Also described: (1) a
CC library (I) comprising several molecules comprising at least a first and
CC a second segment obtainable by (M1); (2) a solid support (II) comprising
CC (1); (3) a synthetic or binding molecule (III) comprising a binding site
CC identifiable or obtainable by using (1); and (4) determining (M2) a
CC minimally essential motif for a binding site, by generating a library of
CC test molecules, determining the binding activity of a binding molecule
CC with the test molecules, calculating the average binding activity of test

CC molecules present in the library comprising a certain motif, and
CC determining a motif with a high average binding activity of test
CC molecules comprising the motif. (M1) is useful for producing a molecular
CC library for identifying or detecting a binding site of TNFalpha. (I) is
CC useful for screening for a binding site of TNFalpha capable of
CC interacting with a binding molecule, by screening a library with at least
CC one potential binding molecule and detecting binding between a member of
CC the library and the potential binding molecule. The binding molecule
CC comprises a hTNFalpha-2 receptor, and the binding site is a discontinuous
CC binding site. (I) and (II) are useful for identifying or obtaining a
CC synthetic molecule comprising a binding site of hTNFalpha, or a binding
CC molecule capable of binding to a binding site of hTNFalpha. (II) is
CC useful for interfering with or effecting binding to a binding molecule of
CC hTNFalpha. The molecular libraries produced by (M1) are useful for
CC detecting or screening for discontinuous binding sites, in particular in
CC relation to binding molecule-ligand interactions such as for e.g. protein
CC -protein, protein-nucleic acid and nucleic acid-nucleic acid
CC interactions. The identified peptide constructs are useful to develop new
CC ligands with agonistic or antagonistic activity for human TNFalpha
CC receptor action and are useful in control and prevention of an array of
CC diseases with (chronic) inflammatory components such as Crohn's disease
CC and other intestinal ulcerations or irritations. The present sequence
CC represents a TNFalpha receptor binding peptide which is used in the
CC exemplification of the present invention.

SQ Sequence 14 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 14;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRA 5
| | | | |
DB 7 LNRA 11

RESULT 6
AD140811
ID AD140811 standard; peptide; 14 AA.

AC AD140811;

DT 22-APR-2004 (first entry)

DE C-TNF-alpha peptide mutant SEQ ID NO:102.

KM virus-like particle; bacteriophage AP205; coat protein; cytostatic;
KW vaccine; gene therapy; cancer; allergy; asthma; TNF-alpha; mutant.

OS Synthetic.

PN WO2004007538-A2.

PD 22-JAN-2004.

PF 14-JUL-2003; 2003WO-BP007572.

PR 17-JUL-2002; 2002US-0396126P.

PA (CYTO-) CYTOS BIOTECHNOLOGY AG.

PI Bachmann MF, Tisrot A, Pumpens P, Cielens I, Renhofa R;

DR WPI; 2004-122882/12.

PT New virus-like particle, useful for preparing a composition for treating
or preventing a disease e.g., cancer, allergy or asthma.

PS Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 102; 170pp; English.

CC The present invention describes a virus-like particle (I) which
comprises: (a) a protein having the 131-amino acid sequence of
bacteriophage AP205 coat protein or the mutant coat protein, see AD140710

CC or AD140712 respectively; or (b) a mutein of the protein of (a). Also
CC described: (1) a mutein of the recombinant protein having the 131-amino
CC acid sequence; (2) a vector for producing a AP205 virus like particle
CC comprising a nucleotide sequence being at least 80, 90, 95 or 99%
CC identical to that of the sequence comprising 3635 or 3613 bp or producing
CC a recombinant protein comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a
CC polypeptide fused to a protein; (3) a pharmaceutical composition
CC comprising the composition and a carrier; (4) a process for producing a
CC non-naturally occurring, ordered and repetitive antigen array; (5) a
CC method of treating or preventing a disease, disorder or physiologic
CC conditions in an individual; (6) a nucleic acid molecule comprising 3635-
CC bp sequence; (7) a host cell containing a nucleic acid or a vector; and
CC (8) a method of producing the virus-like particle. (1) has cytostatic
CC activity, and can be used in vaccines, and in gene therapy. The virus-
CC like particle is useful for preparing a composition for treating or
CC preventing a disease e.g., cancer, allergy or asthma. The present
CC sequence represents a TNF-alpha mutant peptide, which is used in the
CC exemplification of the present invention.

SQ Sequence 14 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 8; Length 14;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRA 5
| | | | |
DB 8 LNRA 12

RESULT 7
ADA19837
ID ADA19837 standard; peptide; 16 AA.

AC ADA19837;

DT 20-NOV-2003 (first entry)

DE TNFalpha receptor binding peptide SEQ ID NO:11.

KM molecular library; identification; detection; binding site;
KW tumour necrosis factor alpha; TNFalpha; protein-protein interaction;

KW protein-nucleic acid interaction; nucleic acid-nucleic acid interaction;
KW TNFalpha receptor; tumour necrosis factor alpha receptor;
KW inflammatory disease; Crohn's disease; intestinal ulceration;

KW intestinal irritation.

OS Synthetic.

PN EP1279962-A1.

PD 29-JAN-2003.

PF 27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.

PR 27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.

PA (PEPS-) PEPSCAN SYSTEMS BV.

PI Slootstra JW, Puijk WC, Van Dijk E;

DR WPI; 2003-259178/26.

PT Producing molecular library for identifying binding site of tumor
necrosis factor-alpha, comprises providing the library with many
molecules produced by segmental linkage of nucleic acids or peptides.

PS Disclosure; Page 16; 70pp; English.

CC The present invention describes a method (M1) for producing a molecular
library for identifying or detecting a binding site of tumour necrosis
factor alpha (TNFalpha). (M1) comprises providing the library with
several molecules, and further generating at least one of the molecules

CC by linking a first segment to a second segment. Also described: (1) a
 CC library (I) comprising several molecules comprising at least a first and
 CC a second segment obtainable by (M1); (2) a solid support (II) comprising
 CC (1); (3) a synthetic or binding molecule (III) comprising a binding site
 CC identifiable or obtainable by using (I); and (4) determining (M2) a
 CC minimally essential motif for a binding site, by generating a library of
 CC test molecules, determining the binding activity of a binding molecule
 CC with the test molecules, calculating the average binding activity of test
 CC molecules present in the library comprising a certain motif, and
 CC determining a motif with a high average binding activity of test
 CC molecules comprising the motif. (M1) is useful for producing a molecular
 CC library for identifying or detecting a binding site of TNFalpha. (I) is
 CC useful for screening for a binding site of TNFalpha capable of
 CC interacting with a binding molecule, by screening a library with at least
 CC one potential binding molecule and detecting binding between a member of
 CC the library and the potential binding molecule. The binding molecule
 CC comprises a hTNFalpha-2 receptor, and the binding site is a discontinuous
 CC binding site. (I) and (II) are useful for identifying or obtaining a
 CC synthetic molecule comprising a binding site of hTNFalpha, or a binding
 CC molecule capable of binding to a binding site of hTNFalpha. (III) is
 CC useful for interfering with or effecting binding to a binding molecule of
 CC hTNFalpha. The molecular libraries produced by (M1) are useful for
 CC detecting or screening for discontinuous binding sites, in particular in
 CC relation to binding molecule-ligand interactions such as for e.g. protein
 CC -protein, protein-nucleic acid and nucleic acid-nucleic acid
 CC interactions. The identified peptide constructs are useful to develop new
 CC ligands with agonistic or antagonistic activity for human TNFalpha
 CC receptor action and are useful in control and prevention of an array of
 CC diseases with (chronic) inflammatory components such as Crohn's disease
 CC and other intestinal ulcerations or irritations. The present sequence
 CC represents a TNFalpha receptor binding peptide which is used in the
 CC exemplification of the present invention.

CC Sequence 16 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 16;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRRA 5
 |||||
 DB 9 LNRRRA 13

RESULT 8

ADA19839 standard; peptide; 16 AA.

AC ADA19839;

DT 20-NOV-2003 (first entry)

DE TNFalpha receptor binding peptide SEQ ID NO:13.

XX molecular library; identification; detection; binding site;
 KM tumour necrosis factor alpha; TNFalpha; protein-protein interaction;
 KM protein-nucleic acid interaction; nucleic acid-nucleic acid interaction;
 KM TNFalpha receptor; tumour necrosis factor alpha receptor;
 KM inflammatory disease; Crohn's disease; intestinal ulceration;
 KM intestinal irritation.

XX Synthetic.

OS ADA19856

PN EPI279962-A1.

PD 29-JAN-2003.

XX 27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.

PR 27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.

XX (PEPS-) PEPSCAN SYSTEMS BV.

PI Slootstra JW, Puijk WC, Van Dijk E;
 XX WPI; 2003-259178/26.

PT Producing molecular library for identifying binding site of tumor
 KM necrosis factor-alpha, comprises providing the library with many
 PT molecules produced by segmental linkage of nucleic acids or peptides.

PS Disclosure; Page 17; 70pp; English.

CC The present invention describes a method (M1) for producing a molecular
 CC library for identifying or detecting a binding site of tumour necrosis
 CC factor alpha (TNFalpha). (M1) comprises providing the library with
 CC several molecules, and further generating at least one of the molecules
 CC by linking a first segment to a second segment. Also described: (1) a
 CC library (I) comprising several molecules comprising at least a first and
 CC a second segment obtainable by (M1); (2) a solid support (II) comprising
 CC (1); (3) a synthetic or binding molecule (III) comprising a binding site
 CC identifiable or obtainable by using (I); and (4) determining (M2) a
 CC minimally essential motif for a binding site, by generating a library of
 CC test molecules, determining the binding activity of a binding molecule
 CC with the test molecules, calculating the average binding activity of test
 CC molecules comprising the motif. (M1) is useful for producing a molecular
 CC library for identifying or detecting a binding site of TNFalpha. (I) is
 CC useful for screening for a binding site of TNFalpha capable of
 CC interacting with a binding molecule, by screening a library with at least
 CC one potential binding molecule and detecting binding between a member of
 CC the library and the potential binding molecule. The binding molecule
 CC comprises a hTNFalpha-2 receptor, and the binding site is a discontinuous
 CC binding site. (I) and (II) are useful for identifying or obtaining a
 CC synthetic molecule comprising a binding site of hTNFalpha, or a binding
 CC molecule capable of binding to a binding site of hTNFalpha. (III) is
 CC useful for interfering with or effecting binding to a binding molecule of
 CC hTNFalpha. The molecular libraries produced by (M1) are useful for
 CC detecting or screening for discontinuous binding sites, in particular in
 CC relation to binding molecule-ligand interactions such as for e.g. protein
 CC -protein, protein-nucleic acid and nucleic acid-nucleic acid
 CC interactions. The identified peptide constructs are useful to develop new
 CC ligands with agonistic or antagonistic activity for human TNFalpha
 CC receptor action and are useful in control and prevention of an array of
 CC diseases with (chronic) inflammatory components such as Crohn's disease
 CC and other intestinal ulcerations or irritations. The present sequence
 CC represents a TNFalpha receptor binding peptide which is used in the
 CC exemplification of the present invention.

CC Sequence 16 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 16;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRRA 5
 |||||
 DB 4 LNRRRA 8

RESULT 9

ADA19856 standard; peptide; 16 AA.

AC ADA19856;

DT 20-NOV-2003 (first entry)

DE TNFalpha receptor binding peptide SEQ ID NO:30.

XX molecular library; identification; detection; binding site;
 KM tumour necrosis factor alpha; TNFalpha; protein-protein interaction;
 KM protein-nucleic acid interaction; nucleic acid-nucleic acid interaction;
 KM TNFalpha receptor; tumour necrosis factor alpha receptor;
 KM inflammatory disease; Crohn's disease; intestinal ulceration;

Intestinal Irritation.

Synthetic.

EPI279962-A1.

29-JAN-2003.

27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.

27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.

(PEPS-) PEPPSCAN SYSTEMS BV.

Slootstra JW, Puljk WC, Van Dijk E;
WPI; 2003-259178/26.

Producing molecular library for identifying binding site of tumor necrosis factor-alpha, comprises providing the library with many molecules produced by segmental linkage of nucleic acids or peptides.

Disclosure; Page 21; 70pp; English.

The present invention describes a method (M1) for producing a molecular library for identifying or detecting a binding site of tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNFalpha). (M1) comprises providing the library with several molecules, and further generating at least one of the molecules by linking a first segment to a second segment. Also described: (1) a library (I) comprising several molecules comprising at least a first and a second segment obtainable by (M1); (2) a solid support (II) comprising (1); (3) a synthetic or binding molecule (III) comprising a binding site minimally essential motif for a binding site; and (4) determining (M2) a test molecules, determining the binding activity of a binding molecule with the test molecules, calculating the average binding activity of test molecules present in the library comprising a certain motif, and determining a motif with a high average binding activity of test molecules comprising the motif. (M1) is useful for producing a molecular library for identifying or detecting a binding site of TNFalpha. (I) is useful for screening for a binding site of TNFalpha capable of interacting with a binding molecule, by screening a library with at least one potential binding molecule and detecting binding between a member of the library and the potential binding molecule. The binding molecule comprises a hTNFalpha-2 receptor, and the binding site is a discontinuous synthetic molecule comprising a binding site of hTNFalpha, or a binding molecule capable of binding to a binding site of hTNFalpha. (III) is useful for interfering with or effecting binding to a binding molecule of hTNFalpha. The molecular libraries produced by (M1) are useful for detecting or screening for discontinuous binding sites, in particular for relation to binding molecule-ligand interactions such as for e.g. protein-protein, protein-nucleic acid and nucleic acid-nucleic acid interactions. The identified peptide constructs are useful to develop new ligands with agonistic or antagonistic activity for human TNFalpha receptor action and are useful in control and prevention of an array of diseases with (chronic) inflammatory components such as Crohn's disease and other intestinal ulcerations or irritations. The present sequence represents a TNFalpha receptor binding peptide which is used in the exemplification of the present invention.

Sequence 16 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1 LNRA 5
8 LNRA 12

RESULT 10

ADA19851
ID ADA19851 standard; peptide; 16 AA.

AC ADA19851;

20-NOV-2003 (first entry)

TNFalpha receptor binding peptide SEQ ID NO:25.

molecular library; identification; detection; binding site;
tumor necrosis factor alpha; TNFalpha; protein-protein interaction;
protein-nucleic acid interaction; nucleic acid-nucleic acid interaction;
TNFalpha receptor; tumor necrosis factor alpha receptor;
inflammatory disease; Crohn's disease; intestinal ulceration;
intestinal irritation.

Synthetic.

EPI279962-A1.

29-JAN-2003.

27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.

27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.

(PEPS-) PEPPSCAN SYSTEMS BV.

Slootstra JW, Puljk WC, Van Dijk E;
WPI; 2003-259178/26.

Producing molecular library for identifying binding site of tumor necrosis factor-alpha, comprises providing the library with many molecules produced by segmental linkage of nucleic acids or peptides.

Disclosure; Page 20; 70pp; English.

The present invention describes a method (M1) for producing a molecular library for identifying or detecting a binding site of tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNFalpha). (M1) comprises providing the library with several molecules, and further generating at least one of the molecules by linking a first segment to a second segment. Also described: (1) a library (I) comprising several molecules comprising at least a first and a second segment obtainable by (M1); (2) a solid support (II) comprising (1); (3) a synthetic or binding molecule (III) comprising a binding site minimally essential motif for a binding site; and (4) determining (M2) a test molecules, determining the binding activity of a binding molecule with the test molecules, calculating the average binding activity of test molecules present in the library comprising a certain motif, and determining a motif with a high average binding activity of test molecules comprising the motif. (M1) is useful for producing a molecular library for identifying or detecting a binding site of TNFalpha. (I) is useful for screening for a binding site of TNFalpha capable of interacting with a binding molecule, by screening a library with at least one potential binding molecule and detecting binding between a member of the library and the potential binding molecule. The binding molecule comprises a hTNFalpha-2 receptor, and the binding site is a discontinuous synthetic molecule comprising a binding site of hTNFalpha, or a binding molecule capable of binding to a binding site of hTNFalpha. (III) is useful for interfering with or effecting binding to a binding molecule of hTNFalpha. The molecular libraries produced by (M1) are useful for detecting or screening for discontinuous binding sites, in particular for relation to binding molecule-ligand interactions such as for e.g. protein-protein, protein-nucleic acid and nucleic acid-nucleic acid interactions. The identified peptide constructs are useful to develop new ligands with agonistic or antagonistic activity for human TNFalpha receptor action and are useful in control and prevention of an array of diseases with (chronic) inflammatory components such as Crohn's disease and other intestinal ulcerations or irritations. The present sequence represents a TNFalpha receptor binding peptide which is used in the

CC exemplification of the present invention.
XX Sequence 16 AA;
SQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRRA 5
| | | | |
Db 2 LNRRRA 6

RESULT 11
ADA19833
ID ADA19833 standard; peptide; 16 AA.
XX
AC ADA19833;
XX
DT 20-NOV-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE TNFalpha receptor binding peptide SEQ ID NO:7.
XX
DE molecular library; identification; detection; binding site;
KM tumour necrosis factor alpha; TNFalpha; protein-protein interaction;
KM protein-nucleic acid interaction; nucleic acid-nucleic acid interaction;
KM TNFalpha receptor; tumour necrosis factor alpha receptor;
KM inflammatory disease; Crohn's disease; intestinal ulceration;
KM intestinal irritation.
XX
OS Synthetic.
XX
PN EP1279962-A1.
XX
PD 29-JAN-2003.
XX
PF 27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.
XX
PR 27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.
XX
PA (PEPS-) PEPSCAN SYSTEMS BV.
XX
PI Slootstra JW, Puijk WC, Van Dijk E;
XX
DR WPI, 2003-259178/26.
XX
PT Producing molecular library for identifying binding site of tumor
PT necrosis factor-alpha, comprising providing the library with many
PT molecules produced by segmental linkage of nucleic acids or peptides.
XX
PS Disclosure; Page 15; 70pp; English.
XX

CC The present invention describes a method (M1) for producing a molecular
CC library for identifying or detecting a binding site of tumour necrosis
CC factor alpha (TNFalpha). (M1) comprises providing the library with
CC several molecules, and further generating at least one of the molecules
CC by linking a first segment to a second segment. Also described: (1) a
CC library (I) comprising several molecules comprising at least a first and
CC a second segment obtainable by (M1); (2) a solid support (II) comprising
CC (1); (3) a synthetic or binding molecule (III) comprising a binding site
CC identifiable or obtainable by using (1); and (4) determining (M2) a
CC minimally essential motif for a binding site, by generating a library of
CC test molecules, determining the binding activity of a binding molecule
CC with the test molecules, calculating the average binding activity of test
CC molecules present in the library comprising a certain motif, and
CC determining a motif with a high average binding activity of test
CC molecules comprising the motif. (M1) is useful for producing a molecular
CC library for identifying or detecting a binding site of TNFalpha. (I) is
CC useful for screening for a binding site of TNFalpha capable of
CC interacting with a binding molecule, by screening a library with at least
CC one potential binding molecule and detecting binding between a member of
CC the library and the potential binding molecule. The binding molecule
CC comprises a hTNFalpha-2 receptor, and the binding site is a discontinuous

CC binding site. (I) and (II) are useful for identifying or obtaining a
CC synthetic molecule comprising a binding site of hTNFalpha, or a binding
CC molecule capable of binding to a binding site of hTNFalpha. (III) is
CC useful for interfering with or effecting binding to a binding molecule of
CC hTNFalpha. The molecular libraries produced by (M1) are useful for
CC detecting or screening for discontinuous binding sites, in particular in
CC relation to binding molecule-ligand interactions such as for e.g. protein
CC -protein, protein-nucleic acid and nucleic acid-nucleic acid
CC interactions. The identified peptide constructs are useful to develop new
CC ligands with agonistic or antagonistic activity for human TNFalpha
CC receptor action and are useful in control and prevention of an array of
CC diseases with (chronic) inflammatory components such as Crohn's disease
CC and other intestinal ulcerations or irritations. The present sequence
CC represents a TNFalpha receptor binding peptide which is used in the
CC exemplification of the present invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 16 AA;
XX

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRRA 5
| | | | |
Db 1 LNRRRA 5

RESULT 12
ADA19836
ID ADA19836 standard; peptide; 16 AA.
XX
AC ADA19836;
XX
DT 20-NOV-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE TNFalpha receptor binding peptide SEQ ID NO:10.
XX
DE molecular library; identification; detection; binding site;
KM tumour necrosis factor alpha; TNFalpha; protein-protein interaction;
KM protein-nucleic acid interaction; nucleic acid-nucleic acid interaction;
KM TNFalpha receptor; tumour necrosis factor alpha receptor;
KM inflammatory disease; Crohn's disease; intestinal ulceration;
KM intestinal irritation.
XX
OS Synthetic.
XX
PN EP1279962-A1.
XX
PD 29-JAN-2003.
XX
PF 27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.
XX
PR 27-JUL-2001; 2001EP-00202879.
XX
PA (PEPS-) PEPSCAN SYSTEMS BV.
XX
PI Slootstra JW, Puijk WC, Van Dijk E;
XX
DR WPI, 2003-259178/26.
XX
PT Producing molecular library for identifying binding site of tumor
PT necrosis factor-alpha, comprising providing the library with many
PT molecules produced by segmental linkage of nucleic acids or peptides.
XX
PS Disclosure; Page 16; 70pp; English.
XX

CC The present invention describes a method (M1) for producing a molecular
CC library for identifying or detecting a binding site of tumour necrosis
CC factor alpha (TNFalpha). (M1) comprises providing the library with
CC several molecules, and further generating at least one of the molecules
CC by linking a first segment to a second segment. Also described: (1) a
CC library (I) comprising several molecules comprising at least a first and
CC a second segment obtainable by (M1); (2) a solid support (II) comprising

CC (1); (3) a synthetic or binding molecule (III) comprising a binding site
 CC identifiable or obtainable by using (I); and (4) determining (M2) a
 CC minimally essential motif for a binding site, by generating a library of
 CC test molecules, determining the binding activity of a binding molecule
 CC with the test molecules, calculating the average binding activity of test
 CC molecules present in the library comprising a certain motif, and
 CC determining a motif with a high average binding activity of test
 CC molecules comprising the motif. (M1) is useful for producing a molecular
 CC library for identifying or detecting a binding site of TNFalpha. (I) is
 CC useful for screening for a binding site of TNFalpha capable of
 CC interacting with a binding molecule, by screening a library with at least
 CC one potential binding molecule and detecting binding between a member of
 CC the library and the potential binding molecule. The binding molecule
 CC comprises a hTNFalpha-2 receptor, and the binding site is a discontinuous
 CC binding site. (I) and (II) are useful for identifying or obtaining a
 CC synthetic molecule comprising a binding site of hTNFalpha, or a binding
 CC molecule capable of binding to a binding site of hTNFalpha. (III) is
 CC useful for interfering with or effecting binding to a binding molecule of
 CC hTNFalpha. The molecular libraries produced by (M1) are useful for
 CC detecting or screening for discontinuous binding sites, in particular in
 CC relation to binding molecule-ligand interactions such as for e.g. protein
 CC -protein, protein-nucleic acid and nucleic acid-nucleic acid to develop new
 CC interactions. The identified peptide constructs are useful to develop new
 CC ligands with agonistic or antagonistic activity for human TNFalpha
 CC receptor action and are useful in control and prevention of an array of
 CC diseases with (chronic) inflammatory components such as Crohn's disease
 CC and other intestinal ulcerations or irritations. The present sequence
 CC represents a TNFalpha receptor binding peptide which is used in the
 CC exemplification of the present invention.

XX SQ Sequence 16 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 16;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRRA 5
 |||||
 Db 1 LNRRRA 5

RESULT 13
 ABR42094
 ID ABR42094 standard; peptide; 17 AA.
 XX
 AC ABR42094;
 XX
 DT 28-JUL-2003 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human tumour necrosis factor-alpha external surface loop AA.
 XX
 KM Human; tumour necrosis factor-alpha; RANXL; osteopathic; bone.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN WO2003033663-A2.
 XX
 PD 24-APR-2003.
 XX
 PF 15-OCT-2002; 2002WO-US033022.
 XX
 PR 15-OCT-2001; 2001US-0329393P.
 XX
 PA (BARN-) BARNES-JEWISH HOSPITAL.
 XX
 PI Lam J, Ross PF, Teitelbaum SL;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2003-430346/40.
 XX
 PT New RANXL mimic comprising a core, and at least one external loop, useful
 PT for enhancing processes of bone formation or inhibiting bone resorption,
 PT thus providing treatments for disease or condition characterized by loss
 PT of bone mass.

XX
 PS Disclosure; Page 15; 78pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present sequence is that of the AA" external surface loop of human
 CC tumour necrosis factor (TNF)-alpha. The invention provides non-naturally-
 CC occurring proteins that contain one or more of the external surface loops
 CC of RANXL in combination with a heterologous protein core obtained from a
 CC non-RANXL member of the TNF superfamily. Thus, the present external loop
 CC sequence is replaceable by a RANXL external loop sequence. Such proteins
 CC bind to RANXL, acting as mimics of RANXL, and can be used to enhance bone
 CC formation by either inhibiting bone resorption or inducing osteogenesis,
 CC thus providing treatments for diseases or conditions characterised by
 CC loss of bone mass

XX SQ Sequence 17 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 17;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRRA 5
 |||||
 Db 1 LNRRRA 15

RESULT 14
 AAR05522
 ID AAR05522 standard; protein; 20 AA.
 XX
 AC AAR05522;
 XX
 DT 25-MAR-2003 (revised)
 DT 24-OCT-1990 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Tumour necrosis factor derived peptide.

XX
 KM Tumour necrosis factor; TNF; neoplastic disease; autoimmune disease;
 KM infection; inflammation; transplant rejection.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.

XX DE3841767-A.
 XX 13-JUN-1990.
 XX
 PF 12-DEC-1988; 88DE-03841767.
 XX
 PR 12-DEC-1988; 88DE-03841767.
 XX
 PA (BADI) BASF AG.
 PA (BOEH/) BOEHR H J.
 XX
 PI Bohm HJ, Daum L, Haupt A, Schmied B, Walker N, Zechel JC;
 XX
 DR WPI; 1990-186583/25.
 XX

Peptide tumour necrosis factor analogues - used in treatment of tumours
 and autoimmune diseases.

XX Example 16; Page 8; 16pp; German.

CC To residue VI is attached ACH and to residue A20 NH2. This peptide is an
 CC example of a highly generic sequence of the formula X-A-B-E-Leu-Y A= Glu,
 CC Pro or Gln; B= Gly, Glu, Asn or Asp, E= Gln or Ser; X=G-NH-CHN-CO, G-NH-
 CC CHN-CO-W, G-R-NH-CHN-CO or G-R-NH-CHN-CO-W; Y= Z, NH-CHO-CO2, V-NH-CHO-
 CC CO2, NH-CHN-CO-U-Z or V-NH-CHO-CO-U-Z; G= H or a protecting group; Z= OH,
 CC or the gp. CO(CH2)4NH; a=1-12; R and U= peptide chains of 1-5 naturally
 CC occurring alpha aminoacids; W= one of the following dodecapeptide chains:
 CC kpvahvavnpqa, kpvahvavpdk, kpvahvavnpq, kpvahvavnpqy, kpvahvavnpqy, kpvahvavpdk,
 CC kpvahvavpdk, kpvahvavpdk, or a partial sequence of 5-11 amino acids
 CC from one of the chains, or a peptide chain of 1-4 naturally occurring
 CC alpha amino acids; V= one of the following dodecapeptide chains:

CC qwlntxranalla, rwwdyanalla, qwlsqranalla, ewlsqranalla, lwrantdratf, CC
 CC rwrantdratf, lwrantdratf, or a partial sequence of 5-11 amino acids CC
 CC from one of the chains, or a peptide chain of 1-4 natural alpha amino CC
 CC acids, M and Q=H, isopropyl, sec-butyl, phenyl, 1-hydroxyethyl, 3- CC
 CC indolyl, 4-imidazolyl-methyl or (CH₂)BT; b=1-6; T=OH, MeO, MeS, CC
 CC isopropyl, phenyl (opt. 4-OH, substd), mercapto, amino, carboxy, CC
 CC carbamoyl or guanidino; or M and Q together are (CH₂)c-S-S-(CH₂)d, CC
 CC (CH₂)eco NH-(CH₂)f or (CH₂)2enH CO(CH₂)GNH CO(CH₂) f; c and d=1-4; e and CC
 CC f=1-6; g=1-12. The peptide is a low mol. wt. deriv. of TNF. See also CC
 CC DE3841753-55, DE3841759, DE3841761-64, DE3841767-68. (Updated on 25-MAR- CC
 CC 2003 to correct PA field.)

CC SQ Sequence 20 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRRA 5
 |||||
 DB 14 LNRRRA 18

RESULT 15

AA06807
 ID AAR06807 standard; protein; 21 AA.

AC AAR06807;

DT 25-MAR-2003 (revised)

DT 24-OCT-1990 (first entry)

XX Tumour necrosis factor derived peptide.

KM Tumour necrosis factor; TNF; neoplastic disease; autoimmune disease;
 KM infection; inflammation; transplant rejection; cyclic.

OS Synthetic.

PH Key Location/Qualifiers
 PT MISC-difference 21. 21
 PT /label= OTHER
 PT /note= "Alx"

PN DE3841767-A.

PD 13-JUN-1990.

PF 12-DEC-1988; 88DE-03841767.

PR 12-DEC-1988; 88DE-03841767.

PA (BAD1) BASF AG.

PA (BOEH/) BOEHR H J.

PI Bohm HJ, Daum L, Haupt A, Schmied B, Walker N, Zechel JC;

DR WPI, 1990-186583/25.

PT Peptide tumour necrosis factor analogues - used in treatment of tumours
 PT and autoimmune diseases.

PS Example 59; Page 13; 16pp; German.

XX This peptide is an example of a highly generic sequence of the formula X-
 CC A-B-E-Lieu-Y A= Gly, Pro or Gln; B= Gly, Glu, Asn or Asp; E= Gln or Ser;
 CC X= G-NH-CHM-CO, G-NH-CHM-CO-N, G-R-NH-CHM-CO or G-R-NH-CHM-CO-W; Y= Z, NH
 CC -CHO-COZ, V-NH-CHO-COZ, NH-CHO-CO-U-2 or V-NH-CHO-CO-U-Z; G= H or A
 CC protecting group; Z= OH, NH₂ or carboxy protecting group; or G and Z
 CC together are a covalent bond or the gp. CO(CH₂)ANH, a=1-12; R and U=
 CC peptide chains of 1-5 naturally occurring alpha amino acids; w= one of the
 CC following dodecapeptide chains: kpvahvvanpqa, kpvahvvanpqs, kplahvvanpqr,
 CC kpvahvvanpqr, kpvahvvanpqr, kpvahvvanpqr, kpvahvvanpqr, kpvahvvanpqr, or a partial

CC sequence of 5-11 amino acids from one of the chains, or a peptide chain
 CC of 1-4 naturally occurring alpha amino acids; V= one of the following
 CC dodecapeptide chains: qwlntxranalla, rwwdyanalla, qwlsqranalla, CC
 CC ewlsqranalla, lwrantdratf, rwrantdratf, lwrantdratf, or a partial
 CC sequence of 5-11 amino acids from one of the chains, or a peptide chain
 CC of 1-4 natural alpha amino acids; M and Q=H, isopropyl, sec-butyl, CC
 CC phenyl, 1-hydroxyethyl, 3-indolyl 4-imidazolyl-methyl or (CH₂)BT; b=1-6; CC
 CC T=OH, MeO, MeS, isopropyl, phenyl (opt. 4-OH, substd), mercapto, amino, CC
 CC carboxy, carbamoyl or guanidino; or M and Q together are (CH₂)c-S-S-
 CC (CH₂)d, (CH₂)eco NH-(CH₂)f or (CH₂)2enH CO(CH₂)GNH CO(CH₂) f; c and d=1-4; CC
 CC e and f=1-6; g=1-12. The peptide is a low mol. wt. deriv. of TNF. See CC
 CC also DE3841753-55, DE3841759, DE3841761-64, DE3841767-68. (Updated on 25-
 CC MAR-2003 to correct PA field.)

CC SQ Sequence 21 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 21;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.2e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRRA 5
 |||||
 DB 14 LNRRRA 18

Search completed: February 16, 2005, 20:32:21
 Job time : 136 secs

This Page Blank (uspto)

GenCore version 5.1.6
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2005 CompuGen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using SW model

Run on: February 16, 2005, 20:32:38 / Search time 14 Seconds

(without alignments)
14.044 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-716-030-1

Perfect score: 24

Sequence: 1 LMRRA 5

Scoring table:

BLOSUM62

Searched: 154980 seqs, 39324206 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 154980

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Maximum Match 0%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database:

Pending Patents AA New:
1: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/paa/PCT_NEW_COMB.pep.*
2: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/paa/US06_NEW_COMB.pep.*
3: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/paa/US07_NEW_COMB.pep.*
4: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/paa/US08_NEW_COMB.pep.*
5: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/paa/US09_NEW_COMB.pep.*
6: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/paa/US10_NEW_COMB.pep.*
7: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/paa/US11_NEW_COMB.pep.*
8: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/paa/US60_NEW_COMB.pep.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	24	100.0	154	6	US-10-450-763-41187
2	24	100.0	157	5	US-09-920-137C-9
3	24	100.0	157	7	US-11-021-951-96
4	24	100.0	166	6	US-10-916-286A-114
5	24	100.0	166	6	US-10-916-286A-117
6	24	100.0	189	6	US-10-916-286A-108
7	24	100.0	189	6	US-10-916-286A-111
8	24	100.0	195	6	US-10-489-448-2916
9	24	100.0	205	8	US-60-643-717-3674
10	24	100.0	206	8	US-60-643-717-713
11	24	100.0	233	7	US-11-028-780-4
12	24	100.0	280	8	US-60-643-337-4
13	24	100.0	280	6	US-10-450-763-35472
14	24	100.0	285	1	PCT-IB03-06509-1779
15	24	100.0	296	1	PCT-IB03-06509-3796
16	24	100.0	345	7	US-11-031-175-12894
17	24	100.0	353	7	US-11-031-175-15109
18	24	100.0	391	8	US-60-643-717-3773
19	24	100.0	504	7	US-11-031-175-10955
20	24	100.0	586	6	US-10-450-763-43413
21	24	100.0	637	6	US-10-450-763-43416
22	24	100.0	639	6	US-10-450-763-51849
23	24	100.0	700	7	US-11-031-175-11256
24	24	100.0	964	7	US-11-031-175-14068
25	24	100.0	978	7	US-11-031-175-13903

26	24	100.0	1460	6	US-10-450-763-43666	Sequence 43666, A
27	24	100.0	1735	7	US-11-031-175-14547	Sequence 14547, A
28	22	91.7	153	6	US-10-489-448-1000	Sequence 1000, Ap
29	22	91.7	414	8	US-60-643-717-2857	Sequence 2857, Ap
30	22	91.7	756	6	US-10-450-763-57827	Sequence 57827, A
31	21	87.5	62	6	US-10-450-763-59166	Sequence 59166, A
32	21	87.5	114	6	US-10-450-763-53453	Sequence 53453, A
33	21	87.5	121	7	US-11-031-175-14329	Sequence 14329, A
34	21	87.5	178	6	US-10-450-763-57202	Sequence 57202, A
35	21	87.5	178	6	US-60-643-717-2853	Sequence 2853, Ap
36	21	87.5	179	6	US-10-450-763-35069	Sequence 35069, A
37	21	87.5	185	6	US-10-450-763-30731	Sequence 30731, A
38	21	87.5	206	6	US-10-450-763-48364	Sequence 48364, A
39	21	87.5	208	6	US-10-450-763-47866	Sequence 47866, A
40	21	87.5	267	8	US-60-643-717-7757	Sequence 7767, Ap
41	21	87.5	311	7	US-11-027-399-3454	Sequence 3454, Ap
42	21	87.5	311	7	US-11-027-843-3454	Sequence 3454, Ap
43	21	87.5	311	7	US-11-027-878-3454	Sequence 3454, Ap
44	21	87.5	311	7	US-11-028-169-3454	Sequence 3454, Ap
45	21	87.5	311	7	US-11-028-204-3454	Sequence 3454, Ap

ALIGNMENTS

```
RESULT 1
US-10-450-763-41187
; Sequence 41187, Application US/10450763
; APPLICANT: HySeq, Inc
; TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL NUCLEIC ACIDS AND POLYPEPTIDES
; FILE REFERENCE: 790CIP3/US
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/450,763
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-06-11
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/08631
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-03-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/540,217
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-31
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/649,167
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-08-23
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 60736
; SOFTWARE: Custom
; SEQ ID NO 41187
; LENGTH: 154
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-450-763-41187

Query Match      100.0% Score 24; DB 6; Length 154;
Best Local Similarity 100.0% Pred. No. 43;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1 LMRRA 5
        |||||
Db       34 LMRRA 38

RESULT 2
US-09-920-137C-9
; Sequence 9, Application US/09920137C
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Gales-Komar, J111
; APPLICANT: David Shealy
; APPLICANT: David Knight
; APPLICANT: Bernie Scallion
; APPLICANT: George Heavner
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTI-TNF ANTIBODIES, COMPOSITIONS, METHODS AND USES
; FILE REFERENCE: CEN0250
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/920,137C
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-08-01
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/223,360
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-08-07
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/236,826
```

;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-09-29
;; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 15
;; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver 3.1
;; SEQ ID NO 9
;; LENGTH: 157
;; TYPE: PRT
;; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-920-137C-9

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 24; DB 5; Length 157;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 LNRA 5
Db 29 LNRA 33

RESULT 3

US-11-021-951-96
;; Sequence 96, Application US/11021951
;; GENERAL INFORMATION:
;; APPLICANT: HAUPTS, Ulrich
;; APPLICANT: KOLTERMAN, Andre
;; APPLICANT: SCHEIDIG, Andreas
;; APPLICANT: VOTSMEIER, Christian
;; APPLICANT: Kettling, Ulrich
;; APPLICANT: COCO, Wayne Michael
;; TITLE OF INVENTION: New Biological Entities And The Pharmaceutical
;; FILE REFERENCE: 04156.000205
;; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/11/021,951
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2004-12-22
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 10/872,198
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2004-06-18
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/543,518
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2004-02-11
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/524,960
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-11-25
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: EP 04003058
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2004-02-11
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: EP 03025871
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-11-11
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: EP 03025851
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-11-10
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: EP 03013819
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-06-18
;; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 191
;; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
;; SEQ ID NO 96
;; LENGTH: 157
;; TYPE: PRT
;; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-11-021-951-96

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 24; DB 7; Length 157;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 LNRA 5
Db 29 LNRA 33

RESULT 4

US-10-916-286A-114
;; Sequence 114, Application US/10916286A
;; GENERAL INFORMATION:
;; APPLICANT: Sim, Gek-Kee
;; APPLICANT: Dretz, Matthew J.
;; TITLE OF INVENTION: CANINE IL-4 IMMUNOREGULATORY PROTEINS AND USES THEREOF
;; FILE REFERENCE: IM-2-CI-R
;; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/916,286A

;; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2004-08-11
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/322,409
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-05-28
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/087,306
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-05-29
;; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 154
;; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
;; SEQ ID NO 114
;; LENGTH: 166
;; TYPE: PRT
;; ORGANISM: Felis catus
US-10-916-286A-114

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 166;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 LNRA 5
Db 10 LNRA 14

RESULT 5

US-10-916-286A-117
;; Sequence 117, Application US/10916286A
;; GENERAL INFORMATION:
;; APPLICANT: Sim, Gek-Kee
;; APPLICANT: Dretz, Matthew J.
;; TITLE OF INVENTION: CANINE IL-4 IMMUNOREGULATORY PROTEINS AND USES THEREOF
;; FILE REFERENCE: IM-2-CI-R
;; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/916,286A
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2004-08-11
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/322,409
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-05-28
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/087,306
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-05-29
;; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 154
;; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
;; SEQ ID NO 117
;; LENGTH: 166
;; TYPE: PRT
;; ORGANISM: Felis catus
US-10-916-286A-117

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 166;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 LNRA 5
Db 10 LNRA 14

RESULT 6

US-10-916-286A-108
;; Sequence 108, Application US/10916286A
;; GENERAL INFORMATION:
;; APPLICANT: Sim, Gek-Kee
;; APPLICANT: Dretz, Matthew J.
;; TITLE OF INVENTION: CANINE IL-4 IMMUNOREGULATORY PROTEINS AND USES THEREOF
;; FILE REFERENCE: IM-2-CI-R
;; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/916,286A
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2004-08-11
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/322,409
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-05-28
;; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/087,306
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-05-29
;; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 154
;; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
;; SEQ ID NO 108
;; LENGTH: 189
;; TYPE: PRT
;; ORGANISM: Felis catus

US-10-916-286A-108

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 189;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 54;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRR 5
Db 33 LNRR 37

RESULT 7

US-10-916-286A-111
Sequence 111, Application US/10916286A
GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Sim, Gek-Kea
APPLICANT: Drelitz, Matthew J.
TITLE OF INVENTION: CANINE IL-4 IMMUNOREGULATORY PROTEINS AND USES THEREOF
FILE REFERENCE: IM-2-C1-R
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/916,286A
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2004-08-11
PRIOR FILING DATE: 09/322,409
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-05-28
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/087,306
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-05-29
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 154
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
SEQ ID NO 111
LENGTH: 189
TYPE: PRT
ORGANISM: Felis catus
US-10-916-286A-111

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 189;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 54;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRR 5
Db 33 LNRR 37

RESULT 8

US-10-489-448-2916
Sequence 2916, Application US/10489448
GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Tang, Y. Tom
APPLICANT: Zhang, Jie
APPLICANT: Ren, Feiyun
APPLICANT: Xue, Aigong J.
APPLICANT: Zhao, Qing A.
APPLICANT: Wang, Jian-Rui
APPLICANT: Wehrman, Tom
APPLICANT: Zhou, Ping
APPLICANT: Choosh, Malabika
APPLICANT: Wang, Dunrui
APPLICANT: Ma, Yungling
APPLICANT: Asundi, Vinod
APPLICANT: Wang, Zhiwei
APPLICANT: Weng, Gezh
APPLICANT: Haley-Vicente, Dana
APPLICANT: Dmanac, Radoje T
TITLE OF INVENTION: Novel Nucleic Acids and
FILE REFERENCE: 810CIP PCT
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/489,448
CURRENT FILING DATE: 1004-03-10
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-09-24
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/324,631
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-01-21
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/488,725
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-04-25

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US00/35017
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-12-22
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/491,404
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-01-25
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/02623
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-25
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/496,914
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-02-03
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/560,875
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-04-27
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/03800
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-02-05
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/515,126
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-02-28
Remaining Prior Application data removed - See File Wrapper or PALM.

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 3476
SOFTWARE: pc FL_genes Version 6.0
SEQ ID NO 2916
LENGTH: 195
TYPE: PRT
ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-489-448-2916

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 195;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 56;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRR 5
Db 158 LNRR 162

RESULT 9

US-60-643-717-3674
Sequence 3674, Application US/60643717
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Abad, Mark S.
TITLE OF INVENTION: Genes and Uses for Plant Improvement
FILE REFERENCE: 38-21(53629)A
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/60/643,717
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2005-01-12
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 19247
SEQ ID NO 3674
LENGTH: 205
TYPE: PRT
ORGANISM: Ralstonia eutropha JMP134
US-60-643-717-3674

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 8; Length 205;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 59;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRR 5
Db 113 LNRR 117

RESULT 10

US-60-643-717-713
Sequence 713, Application US/60643717
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Abad, Mark S.
TITLE OF INVENTION: Genes and Uses for Plant Improvement
FILE REFERENCE: 38-21(53629)A
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/60/643,717
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2005-01-12
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 19247
SEQ ID NO 713
LENGTH: 206
TYPE: PRT
ORGANISM: Ralstonia metallidurans CH34
US-60-643-717-713

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 8; Length 206;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 59;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRA 5
DB 115 LNRA 119

RESULT 11

US-11-028-780-4
; Sequence 4, Application US/11028780
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Human Genome Sciences, Inc.;
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Heteromultimeric TNP Ligand Family members
; FILE REFERENCE: PF559C1
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/11/028,780
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2005-01-05
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 10/202,062
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-07-25
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/307,838
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 42
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.2
; SEQ ID NO 4
; LENGTH: 233
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: human
US-11-028-780-4

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 7; Length 233;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 68;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRA 5
DB 105 LNRA 109

RESULT 12

US-60-643-337-4
; Sequence 4, Application US/60643337
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rosenblum, Michael
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Targeted Chimeric Molecules for Cancer Therapy
; FILE REFERENCE: C1FR:053USP1
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/60/643,337
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2005-01-10
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.3
; SEQ ID NO 4
; LENGTH: 233
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Human
US-60-643-337-4

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 8; Length 233;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 68;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRA 5
DB 105 LNRA 109

RESULT 13

US-10-450-763-35472
; Sequence 35472, Application US/10450763
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: HySeq, Inc
; TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL NUCLEIC ACIDS AND POLYPEPTIDES
; FILE REFERENCE: 790C19/US
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/450,763

; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-06-11
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/08631
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-03-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/540,217
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-31
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/649,167
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-08-23
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 60736
; SOFTWARE: Custom
; SEQ ID NO 35472
; LENGTH: 280
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
; FEATURE:
; NAME/KEY: DOMAIN
; LOCATION: (7)..(54)
; OTHER INFORMATION: kw TRANSCRIPTAB REVERSE II ORF2 domain identified by
; OTHER INFORMATION: eMARTIX, accession number DW01354V, p-value=1.000e-40, raw score
; FEATURE:
; NAME/KEY: misc feature
; LOCATION: (1)..(280)
; OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa = X or * as defined in Table 2
US-10-450-763-35472

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 6; Length 280;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 84;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRA 5
DB 137 LNRA 141

RESULT 14

PCT-IB03-06509-1779
; Sequence 1779, Application PC/TIB0306509
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Regents of the University of Minnesota and The United States of America
; APPLICANT: Secretary of Agriculture
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Mycobacterial Diagnostics
; FILE REFERENCE: 09531/112WO1
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/IB03/06509
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-03-06
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 10/137,113
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-04-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/362,396
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-03-06
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 5809
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
; SEQ ID NO 1779
; LENGTH: 285
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Mycobacterium paratuberculosis
PCT-IB03-06509-1779

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 1; Length 285;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 86;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRA 5
DB 55 LNRA 59

RESULT 15

PCT-IB03-06509-3796
; Sequence 3796, Application PC/TIB0306509
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Regents of the University of Minnesota and The United States of America
; APPLICANT: Secretary of Agriculture
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Mycobacterial Diagnostics
; FILE REFERENCE: 09531/112WO1

/ CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/IB03/06509
 / CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-03-06
 / PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 10/137,113
 / PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-04-30
 / PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/362,396
 / PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-03-06
 / NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 5809
 / SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
 / SEQ ID NO 3796
 / LENGTH: 296
 / TYPE: PRT
 / ORGANISM: Mycobacterium paratuberculosis
 / PCT-IB03-06509-3796

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 1; Length 296;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 90;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 LNRRR 5
 Db 186 LNRRR 190

Search completed: February 16, 2005, 20:48:26
 Job time : 15 secs

This Page Blank (uspto)

GenCore version 5.1.6
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2005 Compugen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 16, 2005, 20:17:53 / Search time 24.5 Seconds
(without alignments)
19.636 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-716-030-1

Perfect score: 24

Sequence: 1 LNRRA 5

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283416 seqs, 96216763 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283416

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :
1: pir1:*
2: pir2:*
3: pir3:*
4: pir4:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	24	100.0	60	2 S43777	hypothetical prote
2	24	100.0	122	2 E69980	hypothetical prote
3	24	100.0	144	2 H82837	conserved hypotet
4	24	100.0	189	2 S04670	hypothetical prote
5	24	100.0	194	2 JS0664	interferon precurs
6	24	100.0	233	1 OMHUN	tumor necrosis fac
7	24	100.0	233	1 S22052	tumor necrosis fac
8	24	100.0	237	2 C87656	GAD6R family prote
9	24	100.0	247	2 E87283	tRNA pseudouridine
10	24	100.0	255	2 AG3435	guanylate kinase (
11	24	100.0	259	2 G95890	probable transcrip
12	24	100.0	278	2 S75601	hypothetical prote
13	24	100.0	285	2 I38248	steroidogenic acut
14	24	100.0	285	2 JC4315	steroidogenic acut
15	24	100.0	287	2 F70788	hypothetical prote
16	24	100.0	299	1 XREBT	ATP phosphoribosyl
17	24	100.0	299	1 XREC	ATP phosphoribosyl
18	24	100.0	299	2 AC0764	ATP phosphoribosyl
19	24	100.0	299	2 D90981	ATP phosphoribosyl
20	24	100.0	299	2 B85827	ATP phosphoribosyl
21	24	100.0	299	2 A10188	ATP phosphoribosyl
22	24	100.0	304	2 A13285	geranyltransferase
23	24	100.0	306	2 AC2649	ABC transporter, m
24	24	100.0	310	2 I46987	bone sialoprotein
25	24	100.0	319	2 I60446	shiga-like cytotox
26	24	100.0	325	2 D37476	fiber - human aden
27	24	100.0	337	2 B97431	alpha-glucosidase t
28	24	100.0	338	2 T36307	hypothetical prote
29	24	100.0	341	2 T46153	hypothetical prote

30	24	100.0	343	2 T50179	yeast bud pattern
31	24	100.0	362	2 JC5386	steroidogenic acut
32	24	100.0	386	2 B75516	conserved hypotet
33	24	100.0	398	2 E70621	probable argy prot
34	24	100.0	399	2 F87085	arginosuccinate sy
35	24	100.0	415	2 C84698	hypothetical prote
36	24	100.0	430	2 A12624	hypothetical prote
37	24	100.0	430	2 H97406	hypothetical prote
38	24	100.0	434	2 T50800	hypothetical prote
39	24	100.0	439	2 A42289	glucose-fructose o
40	24	100.0	443	2 B82209	GAD6R family prote
41	24	100.0	453	2 T15374	hypothetical prote
42	24	100.0	461	2 AC0005	probable membrane
43	24	100.0	463	2 AC0969	probable purine pe
44	24	100.0	463	2 C86042	probable transport
45	24	100.0	463	2 B91195	probable transport

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
S43777
hypothetical protein 3 - *Synechococcus* sp.
C/Species: *Synechococcus* sp.
C/Date: 10-Dec-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1995 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C/Accession: S43777; S32640
R/Newman, J.; Mann, N.H.; Carr, N.G.
Plant Mol. Biol. 24, 679-683, 1994
A/Title: Organization and transcription of the class I phycoerythrin genes of the marink
A/Reference number: S43777, PMID:94207193; PMID:7512390
A/Accession: S43777
A/Status: preliminary
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-60 <NEW>
A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q08090; EMBL:X72961; NID:G288983; PIDN:CAAS1463.1; PID:G288983
A/Note: the authors translated the codon CAC for residue 27 as His

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 60;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRA 5
DB 20 LNRRA 24

RESULT 2
E69980
hypothetical protein yvrb - *Bacillus subtilis*
C/Species: *Bacillus subtilis*
C/Date: 05-Dec-1997 #sequence_revision 05-Dec-1997 #text_change 15-Oct-1999
C/Accession: E69980
R/Kunert, F.; Ogasawara, N.; Moszer, I.; Albertini, A.M.; Alloni, G.; Azevedo, V.; Bertex
C.; Bron, S.; Brouillet, S.; Bruchli, C.V.; Caldwell, B.; Capuano, V.; Carter, N.M.; Chc
A.; Ehrlich, S.D.; Emmergon, P.T.; Entian, K.D.; Errington, J.; Fabret, C.; Ferrari, E.
Nature 390, 249-256, 1997
A/Authors: Foulger, D.; Henaut, A.; Hilbert, H.; Holtsappel, S.; Hosono, S.; Lapidus, A.; Lardinois, A.;
Koester, P.; Konings, G.; Krogg, S.; Kumano, M.; Kurita, K.; Lapidus, A.; Lardinois, A.;
A/Authors: Lander, J.; Lazarevic, V.; Lee, S.M.; Levine, A.; Liu, H.; Masuda, S.; Mauej
Y, M.; Ogawa, K.; Ogawa, A.; Oudega, B.; Park, S.H.; Parro, V.; Pohl, T.M.; Portetel
Rieger, M.; Rivolta, C.; Rocha, E.; Roche, B.; Rose, M.; Sadate, Y.; Sato, T.; Scanlon,
A/Authors: Schleich, S.; Schroeter, R.; Scofield, F.; Sekiguchi, J.; Sekowska, A.; Serot
akuchi, M.; Tanakoshi, A.; Tanaka, T.; Terpestra, P.; Tognoni, A.; Tosato, V.; Uchiyama,
T.; Winters, P.; Wipat, A.; Yamamoto, H.; Yamane, K.; Yasunoto, K.; Yata, K.; Yoshida, K
A/Authors: Yoshikawa, H.F.; Zumberg, E.; Yoshikawa, H.; Danchin, A.
A/Title: The complete genome sequence of the Gram-positive bacterium *Bacillus subtilis*.
A/Reference number: A69580; PMID:98044033; PMID:9384377
A/Accession: E69980
A/Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-122 <KUN>

A/Cross-references: GB:Z99118; GB:AL009126; NID:G2635200; PIDN:CAB14725.1; PID:e1184014;
A/Experimental source: strain 168
A/Genetics:
A/Gene: yrvb

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 122;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 58;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 LNRRRA 5
DB 68 LNRRRA 72

RESULT 3
H82837
conserved hypothetical protein XF0184 [imported] - Xylella fastidiosa (strain 9a5c)
C/Species: Xylella fastidiosa
C/Date: 18-Aug-2000 #sequence_revision 20-Aug-2000 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C/Accession: H82837
R/Anonymous, The Xylella fastidiosa Consortium of the Organization for Nucleotide Sequences
Nature 406, 151-157, 2000
A/Title: The genome sequence of the plant pathogen Xylella fastidiosa.
A/Reference number: A82515; MUID:20365717; PMID:10910347
A/Note: for a complete list of authors see reference number A59328 below
A/Accession: H82837
A/Status: preliminary
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-144 <SIM>
A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9PGW4; GB:AB003872; GB:AB003849; NID:G9104975; PIDN:AAF8299
A/Experimental source: strain 9a5c
R/Simpson, A.J.G.; Reinach, F.C.; Arruda, P.; Abreu, F.A.; Agencio, M.; Alvarenga, R.; A
Bilones, M.R.S.; Bueno, M.R.P.; Canarço, L.B.A.; Carraro, D.M.; Carreir, H
as-Neto, E.; Docena, C.; El-Dorcy, H.; Facinani, A.P.; Ferreira, A.J.S.
A/Submitted to GenBank, June 2000
A/Authors: Ferreira, V.C.A.; Ferro, J.A.; Fraga, J.S.; France, S.C.; Franco, M.C.; Frohm
chad, M.A.; Madeira, A.M.B.N.; Madeira, H.M.F.; Martins, C.L.; Marques, M.V.; Martins, H
A/Authors: Martins, E.M.F.; Matsukuma, A.Y.; Menck, C.F.M.; Miracca, E.C.; Miyaki, C.Y.;
Rodrigues, V.; Rosa, A.J. de M.; de Oliveira, M.C.; de Oliveira, R.C.; Palmeri, D.A
A/Authors: da Silva, A.C.R.; da Silva, F.R.; de Sa, R.G.; Santelli, R.V.; Sawaak
M.; Tsubako, M.H.; Vallada, H.; Van Sluys, M.A.; Verjovski-Almeida, S.; Vettore, A.L.; Z
A/Reference number: A59328
A/Contents: annotation
C/Genetics:
A/Gene: XF0184

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 144;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 69;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRRA 5
DB 84 LNRRRA 88

RESULT 4
S04670
hypothetical protein 5 - Rhodopseudomonas blautia
C/Species: Rhodopseudomonas blautia
C/Date: 07-Sep-1990 #sequence_revision 07-Sep-1990 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C/Accession: S04670
R/Tybuliewicz, V.L.J.; Falk, G.; Walker, J.E.
J. Mol. Biol. 179, 185-214, 1984
A/Title: Rhodopseudomonas blautia atp operon. Nucleotide sequence and transcription.
A/Reference number: S04666; MUID:85058188; PMID:6209404
A/Accession: S04670
A/Status: not compared with conceptual translation
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-189 <TVB>
A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:P05448

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 189;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 91;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRRA 5
DB 5 LNRRRA 9

RESULT 5
J06664
interferon precursor - cat
C/Species: Felis silvestris catus (domestic cat)
C/Date: 30-Jun-1992 #sequence_revision 30-Jun-1992 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C/Accession: J06664
R/Nakamura, N.; Sudo, T.; Matsuda, S.; Yanai, A.
Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem. 56, 211-214, 1992
A/Title: Molecular cloning of feline interferon cDNA by direct expression.
A/Reference number: J06664; MUID:92323151; PMID:1377975
A/Accession: J06664
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 1-194 <NAK>
A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:P35849
C/Superfamily: interferon alpha
C/Keywords: glycoprotein
F/1-2/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F/1-2/4/Product: interferon #status predicted <INT>
F/102/Binding site: carbohydrate (asn) (covalent) #status predicted

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 194;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 93;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRRA 5
DB 33 LNRRRA 37

RESULT 6
Q06H0N
tumor necrosis factor alpha precursor [validated] - human
N/Alternate names: cachectin; TNFA
C/Species: Homo sapiens (hmn)
C/Date: 28-Aug-1985 #sequence_revision 28-Aug-1985 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C/Accession: A93585; S36153; A9351; A44189; B61478; I53311; S62610; I54522; A01646; B23
R/Nedwin, G.E.; Naylor, S.L.; Sakaguchi, A.Y.; Smith, D.; Tarrett-Nedwin, J.; Pennica, D
Nucleic Acids Res. 13, 6361-6373, 1985
A/Title: Human lymphotoxin and tumor necrosis factor genes: structure, homology and chrc
A/Reference number: A93585; MUID:86016093; PMID:295927
A/Accession: A93585
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-233 <NED>
A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:P01375; GB:X02910; GB:X02159; NID:G37209; PIDN:CAA26669.1; P
R/iris, F.V.M.; Bouguetel, L.; Pileux, S.; Caterina, D.; Primas, G.; Perrot, V.; Jurka
Nature Genet. 3, 137-145, 1993
A/Title: Dense Ali clustering and a potential new member of the NF-kappaB family within a
A/Reference number: S36152; MUID:93272029; PMID:8499947
A/Accession: S36153
A/Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-233 <IRI>
A/Cross-references: EMBL:Z15026; NID:G37211; PIDN:CAA76745.1; PID:G37212
A/Note: the nucleotide sequence was submitted to the EMBL Data Library, August 1992
R/Pennica, D.; Nedwin, G.E.; Hayflick, J.S.; Seedburg, P.H.; Derynck, R.; Palladino, M.A.
Nature 312, 724-729, 1984
A/Title: Human tumor necrosis factor: precursor structure, expression and homology to 1
A/Reference number: A9351; MUID:85086244; PMID:6392892
A/Accession: A9351
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 1-233 <PEN>
A/Cross-references: GB:X02910; GB:X02159; NID:G37209; PIDN:CAA26669.1; PID:G37210
A/Note: this protein was isolated from the monocyte-like cell line HL-60 from a promyelo
R/Wang, A.M.; Creasey, A.A.; Ladner, M.B.; Ian, L.S.; Strickler, J.; Van Arsdel, J.N.;

science 228, 149-154, 1985
 A>Title: Molecular cloning of the complementary DNA for human tumor necrosis factor.
 A/Reference number: A44189; PMID:85142190; PMID:3856324
 A/Accession: A44189
 A/Molecule type: mRNA
 A/Residues: 1-62, 'S', 64-233 <MAN>
 A/Cross-references: GB:M10988; NID:g339737; PIDN:AAA61198.1; PID:g339738
 R/Fukuda, S.; Ando, S.; Sanou, O.; Tanaka, M.; Fujii, M.; Masaki, N.; Nakamura, K.I.; Ar
 Lymphokine Res 7, 175-185, 1998
 A>Title: Stimulus production of natural human tumor necrosis factor-alpha, -beta and
 A/Reference number: A61478; PMID:88301617; PMID:2841543
 A/Accession: B61478
 A/Molecule type: protein
 A/Residues: 83-102;109-119;121-128, 'X', 130-131;142-144, 'X', 146, 'XXX', 150-152;159-174;180
 R/Marmont, A.; Fransen, L.; Tavernier, J.; Van Der Heyden, J.; Tizard, R.; Kawashima,
 Eur. J. Biochem. 152, 515-522, 1995
 A>Title: Molecular cloning and expression of human tumor necrosis factor and comparison
 A/Reference number: I53311; PMID:86030296; PMID:33932069
 A/Accession: I53311
 A/Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ
 A/Molecule type: DNA
 A/Residues: 1-233 <MAR>
 A/Cross-references: GB:M26331; NID:g339763; PIDN:AAA6758.1; PID:g339764
 A/Experimental source: U-937 cells
 R/Takakura-Yamamoto, R.; Yamamoto, S.; Fukuda, S.; Kurimoto, M.
 Eur. J. Biochem. 235, 431-437, 1996
 A>Title: O-Glycosylated species of natural human tumor necrosis factor-alpha.
 A/Reference number: S62610; PMID:96202967; PMID:8631363
 A/Accession: S62610
 A/Molecule type: protein
 A/Residues: 77-99 <TAK>
 R/D'Alfonso, S.; Richiardi, P.M.
 Immunogenetics 39, 150-154, 1994
 A>Title: A polymorphic variation in a putative regulation box of the TNFA promoter regio
 A/Reference number: I54522; PMID:94102809; PMID:7903959
 A/Accession: I54522
 A/Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ
 A/Molecule type: DNA
 A/Residues: 1-8 <DAL>
 A/Cross-references: GB:S68530; NID:G544751
 R.Stevenson, F.T.; Buresten, S.L.; Locksley, R.M.; Lovett, D.H.
 J. Exp. Med. 176, 1053-1062, 1992
 A>Title: Myristyl acylation of the tumor necrosis factor alpha precursor on specific lys
 A/Reference number: A59163; PMID:93018820; PMID:1402651
 A/Contents: annotation, identification of myristylated lysines
 R/Agarwal, B.B.; Kohr, W.J.; Hase, P.E.; Moffat, B.; Spencer, S.A.; Henzel, W.J.; Brink
 J. Biol. Chem. 260, 2345-2354, 1985
 A>Title: Human tumor necrosis factor. Production, purification, and characterization.
 A/Reference number: A92511; PMID:8510974; PMID:3871770
 A/Status: annotation; disulfide bond
 A/Contents: Secreted from mitogen-activated macrophages within 4-24 hours after induction
 C/Comment: Secreted from mitogen-activated macrophages within 4-24 hours after induction
 C/Comment: to normal cells. It can also act synergistically with interferon gamma to
 C/Comment: TNF-alpha and -beta (lymphokine) are the products of different genes closely
 C/Comment: are produced by different cell types and have different induction kinetics.
 C/Genetics:
 A/Gene: GDB:TNF; TNFA
 A/Cross-references: GDB:I20441; OMIM:191160
 A/Map position: 6p21.3-6p21.3
 A/Introns: 62/3; 78/1; 94/1
 C/Complex: homotrimer
 C/Superfamily: tumor necrosis factor
 C/Keywords: cytokine; cytotoxic; glycoprotein; homotrimer; lipoprotein; lymphokine; macr
 F/1-76/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>
 F/1-77-233/Product: tumor necrosis factor #status experimental <MAT>
 F/19,20/Binding site: myristate (Lys) (covalent) #status experimental
 F/81/Binding site: carbohydrate (Ser) (covalent) (partial) #status experimental
 F/145-177/Disulfide bonds: #status experimental

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 1; Length 233;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1 LNRRA 5

Db 105 LNRRA 109
 RESULT 7
 S22052
 tumor necrosis factor alpha precursor - baboon
 C/Species: Papio sp. (baboon)
 C/Date: 10-Sep-1999 #sequence_revision 10-Sep-1999 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
 C/Accession: S22052
 R/Sanjaywala, M.; Edwards, A.
 submitted to the EMBL Data Library, September 1991
 A/Description: Baboon Tumor Necrosis Factor Derived from Sequences of Genomic DNA.
 A/Reference number: S22052
 A/Accession: S22052
 A/Status: preliminary
 A/Molecule type: DNA
 A/Residues: 1-233 <SAN>
 A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:P33620; EMBL:X62141; NID:g38159; PIDN:CAA44068.1; PID:g38161
 C/Genetics:
 A/Introns: 62/3; 78/1; 94/1
 C/Superfamily: tumor necrosis factor
 C/Keywords: glycoprotein; lipoprotein; myristylation; transmembrane protein
 F/19,20/Binding site: myristate (Lys) (covalent) #status predicted
 F/81/Binding site: carbohydrate (Ser) (covalent) #status predicted
 F/145-177/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 1; Length 233;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1 LNRRA 5

105 LNRRA 109

RESULT 8

C87656

GDBF Family protein [Imported] - Caulobacter crescentus

C/Species: Caulobacter crescentus

C/Date: 20-Apr-2001 #sequence_revision 20-Apr-2001 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C/Accession: C87656

R/Herman, W.C.; Feldblyum, T.V.; Paulsen, I.T.; Nelson, K.B.; Eisen, J.; Heidelberg, J

B.; Laub, M.T.; DeBoy, R.T.; Dodson, R.J.; Durkin, A.S.; Gilm, M.L.; Haft, D.H.; Koler

n, J.; Ermolaeva, M.; White, O.; Salzberg, S.L.; Shapiro, L.; Venter, C.C.; Fraser, C.M.

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 98, 4136-4141, 2001

A>Title: Complete Genome Sequence of Caulobacter crescentus.

A/Reference number: A87249; PMID:21173698; PMID:11259647

A/Accession: C87656

A/Status: preliminary

A/Molecule type: DNA

A/Residues: 1-237 <STO>

A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9A389; GB:AE005673; NID:g13424977; PIDN:AAK25247.1; GSPDB:(

A/Gene: CC3285

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 237;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1 LNRRA 5

92 LNRRA 96

RESULT 9

E87283

tRNA pseudouridine synthase [Imported] - Caulobacter crescentus

C/Species: Caulobacter crescentus

C/Date: 20-Apr-2001 #sequence_revision 20-Apr-2001 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C/Accession: E87283

R/Hierman, W.C.; Feldblyum, T.V.; Paulsen, I.T.; Nelson, K.B.; Eisen, J.; Heidelberg, J.

B.; Laub, M.T.; DeBoy, R.T.; Dodson, R.J.; Durkin, A.S.; Gilm, M.L.; Haft, D.H.; Koler

n, J.; Ermolaeva, M.; White, O.; Salzberg, S.L.; Shapiro, L.; Venter, J.C.; Fraser, C.M.
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 98, 4136-4141, 2001
 A>Title: Complete genome sequence of *Caulobacter crescentus*.
 A/Reference number: A87249; MUID:21173698; PMID:11259647
 A/Accession: E87283
 A>Status: preliminary
 A/Molecule type: DNA
 A/Residues: 1-247 <STO>
 A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q9ABF0; GB:AE005673; NID:g13421415; PIDN:AAK22265.1; GSPDB:C
 A/Genes: CC0278
 C/Superfamily: tRNA-pseudouridine synthase I

 Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 247;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

 QY 1 LNRRA 5
 DB 116 LNRRA 120

 RESULT 10
 AG3435
 guanylate kinase (EC 2.7.4.8) [imported] - *Brucella melitensis* (strain 16M)
 C/Species: *Brucella melitensis*
 C/Date: 01-Feb-2002 #sequence_revision 01-Feb-2002 #text_change 01-Feb-2002
 C/Accession: AG3435
 R/DeVecchio, V.G.; Kaput, R.J.; Patra, G.; Mijer, C.; Lee, T.; Ivanova,
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99, 443-448, 2002
 A>Title: The genome sequence of the facultative intracellular pathogen *Brucella melitensis*
 A/Reference number: AD3252; PMID:11756688
 A/Accession: AG3435
 A/Status: preliminary
 A/Molecule type: DNA
 A/Residues: 1-255 <KUR>
 A/Cross-references: GB:AE008917; PIDN:AAJ52650.1; PID:g17983473; GSPDB:GN00190
 A/Experimental source: strain 16M
 A/Genes: BME11469
 C/Genetics:
 C/Map position: 1
 C/Keywords: phosphotransferase

 Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 255;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

 QY 1 LNRRA 5
 DB 180 LNRRA 184

 RESULT 11
 G95890
 probable transcription regulator protein [imported] - *Sinorhizobium meliloti* (strain 102)
 C/Species: *Sinorhizobium meliloti*
 C/Date: 24-Aug-2001 #sequence_revision 24-Aug-2001 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
 C/Accession: G95890
 R/Finan, T.M.; Weidner, S.; Wong, K.; Buhmester, J.; Chain, P.; Vorholter, F.J.; Hernat
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 98, 9889-9894, 2001
 A>Title: The complete sequence of the 1,683-kb pSymB megaplasmid from the N2-fixing endo
 A/Reference number: A95842; MUID:21396508; PMID:11481431
 A/Accession: G95890
 A/Status: preliminary
 A/Molecule type: DNA
 A/Residues: 1-259 <KUR>
 A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q92WE3; GB:AL591985; PIDN:CAK48791.1; PID:g15140264; GSPDB:C
 A/Experimental source: strain 1021, megaplasmid pSymB
 R/Galibert, F.; Finan, T.M.; Long, S.R.; Puhler, A.; Abola, P.; Ampe, F.; Barloy-Hubler,
 J.; Hymn, R.W.; Jones, T.; Davis, R.W.; Dreano, S.; Federspiel, N.A.; Fisher, R.F.;
 Science 293, 668-672, 2001

A/Authors: Kahn, D.; Kahn, M.L.; Kalman, S.; Keating, D.H.; Kiss, E.; Komp, C.; Lelaure,
 hebsult, P.; Vandenbol, M.; Vorholter, F.J.; Weidner, S.; Wells, D.H.; Wong, K.; Yeh, K
 A>Title: The composite genome of the legume symbiont *Sinorhizobium meliloti*.
 A/Reference number: A96039; MUID:21368234; PMID:11474104
 A/Contents: annotation
 C/Genetics:
 A/Genes: SMD20405
 A/Genome: plasmid

 Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 259;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

 QY 1 LNRRA 5
 DB 82 LNRRA 86

 RESULT 12
 S77601
 hypothetical protein 278 - *Paracoccus denitrificans*
 C/Species: *Paracoccus denitrificans*
 C/Date: 24-Oct-1998 #sequence_revision 24-Oct-1998 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
 C/Accession: S77601
 R/de Gier, J.W.; Schepper, M.; Reijnders, W.N.M.; van Dyck, S.J.; Slotboom, D.J.; Warne,
 Mol. Microbiol. 20, 1247-1260, 1996
 A>Title: Structural and functional analysis of aa(3)-type and cbb(3)-type cytochrome c o
 A/Reference number: S77595; MUID:96405647; PMID:8809776
 A/Accession: S77601
 A/Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
 A/Molecule type: DNA
 A/Residues: 1-278 <REA>
 A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q51678; EMBL:U34353; NID:g1002874; PIDN:AAK44515.1; PID:g100
 A/Experimental source: strain Pdl222
 A/Note: the nucleotide sequence was submitted to the EMBL Data Library, August 1995

 Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 278;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

 QY 1 LNRRA 5
 DB 232 LNRRA 236

 RESULT 13
 I38248
 steroidogenic acute regulatory protein - human
 C/Species: *Homo sapiens* (man)
 C/Date: 29-May-1998 #sequence_revision 29-May-1998 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
 C/Accession: I38248; I38896
 R/Sugawara, T.; Lin, D.; Holt, J.A.; Martin, K.O.; Davitt, N.B.; Miller, W.L.; Strauss,
 Biochemistry 34, 12506-12512, 1995
 A>Title: Structure of the human steroidogenic acute regulatory protein (STAR) gene: STAR
 A/Reference number: I38248; MUID:96038208; PMID:7547998
 A/Accession: I38248
 A/Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ
 A/Molecule type: DNA
 A/Residues: 1-285 <RSS>
 A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:P49675; EMBL:U29105; NID:g1041696; PIDN:AAK50234.1; PID:g104
 R/Sugawara, T.; Holt, J.A.; Driscoll, D.; Strauss II, J.F.; Lin, D.; Miller, W.L.; Patt
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 92, 4778-4782, 1995
 A>Title: Human steroidogenic acute regulatory protein: functional activity in COS-1 cell
 A/Reference number: I38896; MUID:95281540; PMID:7761400
 A/Accession: I38896
 A/Status: preliminary
 A/Molecule type: mRNA
 A/Residues: 1-285 <REA>
 A/Cross-references: EMBL:U17280; NID:g727252; PIDN:AAK50141.1; PID:g727253
 C/Genetics:
 A/Genes: STAR
 A/Cross-references: GDB:STAR; GDB:635457; OMIM:600617
 A/Map position: bp11.2-bp11.2

A;Introns: 22/1; 60/1; 102/3; 155/3; 217/2; 248/3

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 285;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRA 5
|||||
DB 35 LNRRA 39

RESULT 14

JC4315

steroidogenic acute regulatory protein - bovine

C/Species: Bos primigenius taurus (cattle)

C/Date: 29-Nov-1995 #sequence_revision 08-Feb-1996 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C/Accession: JC4315

R/Hartung, S.; Rust, W.; Balvers, M.; Ivell, R.

Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 215, 646-653, 1995

A/Title: Molecular cloning and in vivo expression of the bovine steroidogenic acute regu

A/Reference number: JC4315; MUID:96011827; PMID:7488004

A/Accession: JC4315

A/Molecule type: mRNA

A/Residues: 1-285 <HAR>

A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q28918

C/Comment: This protein is an acute controller of the rate-limiting transfer ofcholester

A/Genetic: SCAR

P/226-264/Region: metalloproteinase-1 tissue inhibitor similarity

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 285;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRA 5
|||||
DB 35 LNRRA 39

hypothetical protein RV3661 - Mycobacterium tuberculosis (strain H37RV)

C/Species: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

C/Date: 17-Jul-1998 #sequence_revision 17-Jul-1998 #text_change 16-Aug-2004

C/Accession: F70788

R/Cole, S.T.; Brosch, R.; Parhill, J.; Garnier, T.; Churcher, C.; Harris, D.; Gordon, S.

; Connor, R.; Davies, R.; Devlin, K.; Felwell, T.; Gentles, S.; Hamlin, N.; Holroyd, S.

Rajandream, M.A.; Rogers, J.; Ruter, S.; Seeger, K.; Skelton, S.; Squares, S.

Nature 393, 537-544, 1998

A/Authors: Squares, R.; Sulston, J.E.; Taylor, K.; Whitehead, S.; Barrell, B.G.

A/Title: Deciphering the biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis from the complete genome

A/Reference number: A70500; MUID:98295987; PMID:9634230

A/Accession: F70788

A/Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown

A/Molecule type: DNA

A/Residues: 1-287 <COL>

A/Cross-references: UNIPROT:Q69629; GB:AL022121; GB:AL123456; NID:93261559; PIDN:CAA1798

A/Experimental source: strain H37RV

C/Genetics:

A/Genetic: RV3661

C/Superfamily: Conserved hypothetical protein with haloacid dehalogenase-like hydrolase

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 287;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRA 5
|||||
DB 55 LNRRA 59

Search completed: February 16, 2005, 20:35:02

Job time : 26.5 secs

This Page Blank (uspio)

GenCore version 5.1.6
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2005 Compugen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 16, 2005, 20:16:35 ; Search time 52.5 Seconds

(Without alignments)
48.769 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-716-030-1

Perfect score: 24

Sequence: 1 LNRRRA 5

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1612378 seqs, 512079187 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 1612378

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Database : UniProt 03:*

1: uniprot_sprot:*

2: uniprot_trembl:*

Result No. Score Match Length DB ID

1	24	100.0	60	2	008090	008090 synechococc
2	24	100.0	72	2	0853W6	0853W6 mycobacteri
3	24	100.0	97	2	08FE20	08FE20 escherichia
4	24	100.0	98	2	08VUX4	08VUX4 staphylococ
5	24	100.0	98	2	09LBZ5	09LBZ5 staphylococ
6	24	100.0	98	2	06GD55	06GD55 staphylococ
7	24	100.0	100	1	HIS1 KLEPN	P05148 klebsiella
8	24	100.0	110	2	09P514	09P514 bradyrhizob
9	24	100.0	114	2	06F4B4	06F4B4 trachemys s
10	24	100.0	117	2	09P071	09P071 homo sapien
11	24	100.0	121	2	071170	071170 lactobacilli
12	24	100.0	124	2	06F4B3	06F4B3 trachemys s
13	24	100.0	138	2	09TIG7	09TIG7 actus lemur
14	24	100.0	139	2	07XYI8	07XYI8 chlorarachn
15	24	100.0	139	2	07NFX2	07NFX2 gloeobacter
16	24	100.0	144	2	08P617	08P617 xanthomonas
17	24	100.0	144	2	08T8Z5	08T8Z5 xylella fas
18	24	100.0	144	2	09PGW4	09PGW4 xylella fas
19	24	100.0	145	2	06TWS7	06TWS7 burkholderi
20	24	100.0	148	2	08SMW2	08SMW2 encephalito
21	24	100.0	149	2	09T538	09T538 actus vocif
22	24	100.0	149	2	097543	097543 actus nancy
23	24	100.0	149	2	09TTC8	09TTC8 actus aucu
24	24	100.0	150	2	08LR82	08LR82 sorbus aucu
25	24	100.0	155	2	08HZD5	08HZD5 saquinavir oe
26	24	100.0	155	2	08HZD7	08HZD7 pongo pygma
27	24	100.0	155	2	08HZD8	08HZD8 gorilla gor
28	24	100.0	158	2	06MM44	06MM44 bdeliobviri
29	24	100.0	169	2	06DQL8	06DQL8 zea mays (m
30	24	100.0	173	2	06F9C6	06F9C6 acinetobact
31	24	100.0	179	2	07XJ85	07XJ85 pyrus commu

SUMMARIES

Result No. Score Match Length DB ID

1: uniprot_sprot:*

2: uniprot_trembl:*

Result No. Score Match Length DB ID

1: uniprot_sprot:*

2: uniprot_trembl:*

Result No. Score Match Length DB ID

1: uniprot_sprot:*

2: uniprot_trembl:*

Result No. Score Match Length DB ID

1: uniprot_sprot:*

2: uniprot_trembl:*

Result No. Score Match Length DB ID

1: uniprot_sprot:*

2: uniprot_trembl:*

Result No. Score Match Length DB ID

1: uniprot_sprot:*

2: uniprot_trembl:*

Result No. Score Match Length DB ID

1: uniprot_sprot:*

32	24	100.0	182	2	06MGM4	06MGM4 bdeliobviri
33	24	100.0	186	2	07O4A8	07O4A8 anopheles g
34	24	100.0	188	2	086315	086315 felis silve
35	24	100.0	188	2	086316	086316 felis silve
36	24	100.0	189	1	YAT5_RHOBL	P05448 rhodopsendo
37	24	100.0	189	2	08MIT3	08MIT3 felis silve
38	24	100.0	189	2	08MIT4	08MIT4 felis silve
39	24	100.0	189	2	08MIT5	08MIT5 felis silve
40	24	100.0	189	2	08MIT7	08MIT7 felis silve
41	24	100.0	189	2	086317	086317 felis silve
42	24	100.0	189	2	086318	086318 felis silve
43	24	100.0	189	2	086319	086319 felis silve
44	24	100.0	189	2	086320	086320 felis silve
45	24	100.0	194	1	INA_FELCA	P35849 felis silve

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

Q08090

ID Q08090

AC Q08090

AD Q08090

AE Q08090

AF Q08090

AG Q08090

AH Q08090

AI Q08090

AJ Q08090

AK Q08090

AL Q08090

AM Q08090

AN Q08090

AO Q08090

AP Q08090

AQ Q08090

AR Q08090

AS Q08090

AT Q08090

AW Q08090

AX Q08090

AY Q08090

AZ Q08090

BA Q08090

BB Q08090

BC Q08090

BD Q08090

BE Q08090

BF Q08090

BG Q08090

BH Q08090

BI Q08090

BJ Q08090

BK Q08090

BL Q08090

BM Q08090

BN Q08090

BO Q08090

BP Q08090

BQ Q08090

BR Q08090

BS Q08090

BT Q08090

BU Q08090

BV Q08090

BW Q08090

BX Q08090

BY Q08090

BZ Q08090

CA Q08090

CB Q08090

CC Q08090

CD Q08090

CE Q08090

CF Q08090

CG Q08090

CH Q08090

CI Q08090

CJ Q08090

CK Q08090

CL Q08090

CM Q08090

CN Q08090

CO Q08090

CP Q08090

CQ Q08090

CR Q08090

CS Q08090

CT Q08090

CU Q08090

CV Q08090

CW Q08090

CX Q08090

CY Q08090

CA Q08090

CB Q08090

CC Q08090

CD Q08090

CE Q08090

CF Q08090

CG Q08090

CH Q08090

CI Q08090

CJ Q08090

CK Q08090

CL Q08090

CM Q08090

CN Q08090

CO Q08090

CP Q08090

CQ Q08090

CR Q08090

CS Q08090

CT Q08090

CU Q08090

CV Q08090

CW Q08090

CX Q08090

CY Q08090

CA Q08090

CB Q08090

CC Q08090

CD Q08090

CE Q08090

CF Q08090

CG Q08090

CH Q08090

CI Q08090

CJ Q08090

CK Q08090

CL Q08090

CM Q08090

CN Q08090

CO Q08090

CP Q08090

CQ Q08090

CR Q08090

CS Q08090

CT Q08090

CU Q08090

CV Q08090

CW Q08090

CX Q08090

CY Q08090

CA Q08090

CB Q08090

CC Q08090

CD Q08090

CE Q08090

CF Q08090

CG Q08090

CH Q08090

CI Q08090

CJ Q08090

CK Q08090

CL Q08090

CM Q08090

CN Q08090

CO Q08090

CP Q08090

CQ Q08090

CR Q08090

CS Q08090

CT Q08090

CU Q08090

CV Q08090

CW Q08090

CX Q08090

CY Q08090

CA Q08090

CB Q08090

CC Q08090

CD Q08090

CE Q08090

CF Q08090

CG Q08090

CH Q08090

CI Q08090

CJ Q08090

CK Q08090

CL Q08090

CM Q08090

CN Q08090

CO Q08090

DR EMBL; AY129338; AA12842.1; -
SQ SEQUENCE 72 AA; 8042 MW; A38DAC1C5529B6F1 CRC64;

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 72;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRR 5
16 LNRR 20

RESULT 3

Q8FE20 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 97 AA.

AC Q8FE20; 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last sequence update)
DE Hypothetical protein c3549.
GN OrderedLocNames=c3549;
OS Escherichia coli O6.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Enterobacteriales;
OC Enterobacteriaceae; Escherichia.
OX NCBI_TaxId=217992;
RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=06.H1 / CPT073 / ATCC 700928;
RA MEDLINE=22388234; PubMed=12471157; DOI=10.1073/pnas.252529799;
RA Welch R.A., Burland V., Plunkett G. III, Redford P., Roessch P.,
RA Raeko D., Buckles E.L., Ikon S.-R., Boutin A., Hackett J., Stroud D.,
RA Mayhew G.F., Rose D.J., Zhou S., Schwartz D.C., Perna N.T.,
RT "Extensive mosaic structure revealed by the complete genome sequence
of uropathogenic Escherichia coli.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:117020-117024(2002).
DR EMBL; AB016766; AANB1997.1;
KW Complete proteome; Hypothetical protein.

SO SEQUENCE 97 AA; 10945 MW; 138BDBF80ACF67B5 CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 97;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRR 5
91 LNRR 95

RESULT 4

Q8VUX4 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 98 AA.

AC Q8VUX4; 01-MAR-2002 (TREMBLrel. 20, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2002 (TREMBLrel. 20, Last sequence update)
DE 01-MAR-2004 (TREMBLrel. 26, Last annotation update)
DE ORF12.
OS Staphylococcus hominis.
OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillales; Staphylococcus.
OX NCBI_TaxId=1290;
RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=GIPI12263;
RA MEDLINE=22586405; PubMed=12700250;
RA DOI=10.1126/JB.185.9.2711-2722.2003;
RA Katsana Y., Takeuchi F., Ito T., Ma X.X., Uti-Mizutani Y.,
RT "Identification in methicillin-susceptible Staphylococcus hominis of
an active primordial mobile genetic element for the staphylococcal
cassette chromosome mec of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus
aureus.";
RL J. Bacteriol. 185:2711-2722(2003).
DR EMBL; AB063171; BAB83483.1; -

DR GO; GO:0003908; F-methylated-DNA-[protein]-cysteine S-methyl. . .; IEA.
DR GO; GO:006281; P:DNA repair; IEA.
DR Pfam; PF07205; DUF1413; 1.
SQ SEQUENCE 98 AA; 11104 MW; 2B95AB8527903C9 CRC64;

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 98;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRR 5
34 LNRR 38

RESULT 5

Q9LBZ5 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 98 AA.

AC Q9LBZ5; 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Created)
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)
DE Hypothetical protein.
OS Staphylococcus aureus.
OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillales; Staphylococcus.
OX NCBI_TaxId=1280;
RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=NCTC10442;
RA MEDLINE=21199321; PubMed=11302791;
RA Ito T., Katayama Y., Asada K., Mori N., Tezsumimoto K.,
RT "Structural comparison of three types of staphylococcal cassette
chromosome mec integrated in the chromosome in methicillin-resistant
Staphylococcus aureus.";
RL Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 45:1323-1336(2001).
RN [2]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=NCTC10442;
RA Ito T., Okuma K., Xue M.X., Yuzawa H., Hiramatsu K.;
RT "Insights on antibiotic resistance of Staphylococcus aureus from its
whole genome: genomic island SCC.";
RL Drug Resist. Updat. 6:41-52(2003).
DR EMBL; AB033763; BAA94325.1; -
DR GO; GO:0003908; F:DNA repair; IEA.
DR GO; GO:0006281; P:DNA repair; IEA.
DR InterPro; IPR010497; DUF1413.
DR InterPro; IPR001497; Methyitransf_1.
DR Pfam; PF07205; DUF1413; 1.
KW Hypothetical protein.

SO SEQUENCE 98 AA; 11149 MW; DCCF9E59FF8A80A CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 98;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRR 5
34 LNRR 38

RESULT 6

Q6GD55 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 98 AA.

AC Q6GD55; 05-JUL-2004 (TREMBLrel. 27, Created)
DT 05-JUL-2004 (TREMBLrel. 27, Last sequence update)
DE 05-JUL-2004 (TREMBLrel. 27, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein.
GN OrderedLocNames=SA60035;
OS Staphylococcus aureus (strain MSSA476).
OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillales; Staphylococcus.
OX NCBI_TaxId=282459;
RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

```

RX PubMed=15213324; DOI=10.1073/pnas.0402521101;
RA Holden M.T.G., Fell E.J., Lindsay J.A., Peacock S.J., Day N.P.J.,
RA Ewright M.C., Foster T.J., Moore C.E., Hurst L., Atkin R., Barron A.,
RA Beeson N., Bentley S.D., Chillingworth C., Chillingworth T.,
RA Churcher C., Clark L., Corton C., Cronin A., Doggett J., Dowd L.,
RA Feltwell T., Hance Z., Harrie B., Hauser H., Holtroyd S., Jagsels K.,
RA James K.D., Lennard N., Line A., Mayes R., Moule S., Mungall K.,
RA Omond D., Quail M.A., Rabinowitch E., Rutherford K.M., Sanders M.,
RA Sharp S., Simmonds M., Stevens K., Whitehead S., Barrett B.G.,
RA Spratt B.G., Parkhill J.,
RT "Complete genomes of two clinical Staphylococcus aureus strains:
RT evidence for the rapid evolution of virulence and drug resistance."
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101:9786-9791(2004).
DR EMBL; BX571857; CAG41807.1; -.
DR GO; GO:0003908; P-methylated-DNA-[protein]-cysteine S-methyl. . .; IEA.
DR GO; GO:0006281; P:DNA repair; IEA.
DR InterPro; IPR0010813; DUF1413.
DR InterPro; IPR001497; Methyltransferase_1.
DR Pfam; PF07205; DUF1413; 1.
KM Complete proteome; Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 98 AA; 1109 MM; 8D5577B576D882C6 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 98;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRA 5
DB 34 LNRRA 38

RESULT 7
HIS1_KLEPN STANDARD; PRT; 100 AA.
ID HIS1_KLEPN
AC P05148;
DT 13-AUG-1987 (Rel. 05, Created)
DT 13-AUG-1987 (Rel. 05, Last sequence update)
DT 05-JUL-2004 (Rel. 44, Last annotation update)
DE ATP phosphoribosyltransferase (EC 2.4.2.17) (ATP-PRTase) (ATP-PRT)
DE (Fragment).
GN Name=hisG;
OS Klebsiella pneumoniae.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Enterobacteriales;
OC Enterobacteriaceae; Klebsiella.
OX NCBI_TaxId=573;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=84135578; PubMed=6321433;
RA Rodriguez R.L., West R.W. Jr.;
RT "Histidine operon control region of Klebsiella pneumoniae: analysis
RT with an Escherichia coli promoter-probe plasmid vector."
RL J. Bacteriol. 157:764-771(1984).
CC -1- FUNCTION: Catalyzes the condensation of ATP and PRPP to form N'-
CC 5'-phosphoribosyl-ATP (PR-ATP). Has a crucial role in the pathway
CC because the rate of histidine biosynthesis seems to be controlled
CC primarily by regulation of hisG enzymatic activity (By
CC similarity).
CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: 1-(5-phospho-D-ribose)-ATP + diphosphate =
CC ATP + 5-phospho-alpha-D-ribose 1-diphosphate.
CC -1- COFACTOR: Magnesium (By similarity).
CC -1- ENZYME REGULATION: Feedback inhibited by histidine (By
CC similarity).
CC -1- PATHWAY: Histidine biosynthesis; first step.
CC -1- SUBUNIT: Equilibrium between an active dimeric form, an inactive
CC hexameric form and higher aggregates. Interconversion between the
CC various forms is largely reversible and is influenced by the
CC natural substrates and inhibitors of the enzyme (By similarity).
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Cytoplasmic (By similarity).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: Belongs to the ATP phosphoribosyltransferase family.
CC Long subfamily.
CC -----
CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -

```

```

CC the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
CC use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way
CC modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial
CC entities requires a license agreement (See http://www.isb-sib.ch/announce/
CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC -----
DR EMBL; K01997; AAA25073.1; -.
DR HAMAP; MF_00079; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001348; ATP_phospho_trans.
DR Pfam; PF01634; HisG; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS01316; ATP_P_PHOSPHORIBOSYLTR; PARTIAL.
KM Glycosyltransferase; Histidine biosynthesis; Magnesium; Metal-binding;
KM Transferase.
FT NON TER 100
SQ SEQUENCE 100 AA; 11408 MM; BDA8FEB042E012DE CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 1; Length 100;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRRA 5
DB 82 LNRRA 86

RESULT 8
Q9F5L4 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 110 AA.
ID Q9F5L4
AC Q9F5L4; Q79U54;
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMBLrel. 16, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMBLrel. 16, Last sequence update)
DT 25-OCT-2004 (TREMBLrel. 28, Last annotation update)
DE NADP (periplasmic nitrate reductase).
GN Name=nadP; OrderedLocustName=b1r7037;
OS Bradyrhizobium japonicum.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Alphaproteobacteria; Rhizobiales;
OC Bradyrhizobiaceae; Bradyrhizobium.
OX NCBI_TaxId=375;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=1108pC4;
RX PubMed=14663073; DOI=10.1099/mic.0.26620-0;
RA Delgado M., Bonnard N., Trelierra-Ayala A., Bednar E.J., Muller P.;
RT "The Bradyrhizobium japonicum nadPABC genes encoding the periplasmic
RT nitrate reductase are essential for nitrate respiration."
RL Microbiology 149:3395-3403(2003).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=1108pC4;
RA Mueller P.;
RT Submitted (JUN-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=USDA110;
RX MEDLINE=2248498; PubMed=12597275;
RA Sasekane T., Nakamura Y., Sato S., Minamitsawa K., Uchiyama T.,
RA Kohara M., Matsunoto M., Shimo S., Tsuruoka H., Wada T., Yamada M.,
RA Tabata S.;
RT "Complete genomic sequence of nitrogen-fixing symbiotic bacterium
RT Bradyrhizobium japonicum USDA110."
RL DNA Res. 9:189-197(2002).
DR EMBL; AF314590; AAG31647.1; -.
DR EMBL; AP005960; BACS2302.1; -.
DR InterPro; IPR005623; NADP.
DR Pfam; PF03927; NADP; 1.
KM Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 110 AA; 11787 MM; 9546CE2C46FC0BD8 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 110;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

QY 1 LNRR 5
 |||||
 Db 12 LNRR 16

RESULT 9

ID Q6F4B4 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 114 AA.
 AC Q6F4B4;
 DT 25-OCT-2004 (TREMBlrel. 28, Created)
 DT 25-OCT-2004 (TREMBlrel. 28, Last sequence update)
 DT 25-OCT-2004 (TREMBlrel. 28, Last annotation update)
 DE Preproghrelin-1 precursor.
 OS Trachemys scripta elegans.
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Testudines; Cryptodira; Testudinoidae; Emydidae; Trachemys.
 NCBI_TaxID=31138;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Stomach;
 RA PubMed=15242751; DOI=10.1016/j.yjgen.2004.05.005;
 RA Kaiya H., Sakata I., Kojima M., Hosoda H., Sakai T., Kangawa K.,
 RT "Structural determination and histochemical localization of ghrelin in
 the red-eared slider turtle, Trachemys scripta elegans.";
 RL Gen. Comp. Endocrinol. 138:50-57(2004).
 DR EMBL; AB161457; BAD29730.1; -.
 DR GO; GO:0005576; C:extracellular; IEA.
 DR GO; GO:0016608; F:growth hormone-releasing hormone activity; IEA.
 DR InterPro; IPR005441; Preproghrelin.
 DR ProDom; PD332162; Preproghrelin; 1.
 KW Signal.
 FT SIGNAL.
 FT CHAIN 24 48 Potential.
 SQ SEQUENCE 114 AA; 13300 MW; 07D5E24BF9DEDF2 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 114;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRR 5
 |||||
 Db 47 LNRR 51

RESULT 10
 ID Q9P071 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 117 AA.
 AC Q9P071;
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Created)
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Last annotation update)
 DE HSPC311 (Fragment).
 OS Homo sapiens (human).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.
 NCBI_TaxID=9606;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Blood;
 RA Ye M., Zhang Q.H., Zhou J., Shen Y., Wu X.Y., Guan Z.Q., Wang L.,
 RA Fan H.Y., Mao Y.F., Dai M., Huang Q.H., Chen S.J., Chen Z.,
 RL Submitted (MAY-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL; AF161429; AAF28989.1; -.
 FT NON TER 1
 SQ SEQUENCE 117 AA; 13276 MW; 246F7F94620AAF CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 117;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRR 5
 |||||
 Db 80 LNRR 84

RESULT 11
 ID Q71170 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 121 AA.
 AC Q71170;
 DT 05-JUL-2004 (TREMBlrel. 27, Created)
 DT 05-JUL-2004 (TREMBlrel. 27, Last sequence update)
 DT 05-JUL-2004 (TREMBlrel. 27, Last annotation update)
 DE ATP-dependent ctp protease ATP-binding subunit (Fragment).
 OS Lactobacillus delbrueckii (subsp. lactis).
 OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Lactobacillales; Lactobacillaceae;
 OC Lactobacillus.
 NCBI_TaxID=29397;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=ATCC 4797;
 RA Langenheilm J.F., Ulrich R.L.;
 RL Submitted (MAR-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL; AF496381; AAQ07067.1; -.
 DR GO; GO:0005524; F:ATP binding; IEA.
 DR GO; GO:0008233; F:peptidase activity; IEA.
 DR InterPro; IPR003959; AAA_ATPase_centre.
 DR Pfam; PF00004; AAA; 1.
 KW ATP-binding; Protease.
 FT NON TER 1
 FT NON TER 1
 SQ SEQUENCE 121 AA; 13107 MW; 48B5B5A58D4E675 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 121;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRR 5
 |||||
 Db 53 LNRR 57

RESULT 12
 ID Q6F4B3 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 124 AA.
 AC Q6F4B3;
 DT 25-OCT-2004 (TREMBlrel. 28, Created)
 DT 25-OCT-2004 (TREMBlrel. 28, Last sequence update)
 DT 25-OCT-2004 (TREMBlrel. 28, Last annotation update)
 DE Preproghrelin-2 precursor.
 OS Trachemys scripta elegans.
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Testudines; Cryptodira; Testudinoidae; Emydidae; Trachemys.
 NCBI_TaxID=31138;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Stomach;
 RA PubMed=15242751; DOI=10.1016/j.yjgen.2004.05.005;
 RA Kaiya H., Sakata I., Kojima M., Hosoda H., Sakai T., Kangawa K.,
 RT "Structural determination and histochemical localization of ghrelin in
 the red-eared slider turtle, Trachemys scripta elegans.";
 RL Gen. Comp. Endocrinol. 138:50-57(2004).
 DR EMBL; AB161458; BAD29731.1; -.
 DR GO; GO:0005576; C:extracellular; IEA.
 DR GO; GO:0016608; F:growth hormone-releasing hormone activity; IEA.
 DR GO; GO:0050791; P:regulation of physiological processes; IEA.
 DR InterPro; IPR006737; molilin assoc.
 DR Pfam; PF04643; Molilin_assoc; 1.
 DR PRINTS; PR01624; GHRELIN.
 DR ProDom; PD332162; Preproghrelin; 1.
 KW Signal.
 FT SIGNAL.
 FT CHAIN 24 48 Potential.
 SQ SEQUENCE 124 AA; 14397 MW; 86F2544AA77B5D8 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 124;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRA 5
Db 47 LNRA 51

RESULT 13

Q9TTC7 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 138 AA.

AC Q9TTC7; 01-MAY-2000 (TRENBLREL. 13, Created)

DT 01-MAY-2000 (TRENBLREL. 13, Last sequence update)

DE 01-OCT-2003 (TRENBLREL. 25, Last annotation update)

GN Name=TNF-alpha; Aotus lemurinus (Northern grey-necked night monkey).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Platyrrhini; Cebidae; Aotinae; Aotus.

OX NCBI_TaxID=43147;

RA [1] SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RX MEDLINE=22354134; PubMed=1246897; DOI=10.1007/s00251-002-0512-2; Hernandez E.C., Suarez C.F., Mendez J.A., Echeverry S.J.,

RT Identification, cloning, and sequencing of different cytokine genes in four species of owl monkey."

RL EMBL; AF097329; AAF21304.1; -. HSSP; P01375; 4TSV.

DR GO; GO:0016020; C:membrane; IEA.

DR GO; GO:0005164; P:tumor necrosis factor receptor binding; IEA.

DR GO; GO:0006955; P:immune response; IEA.

DR InterPro; IPR006053; TNF_abc.

DR InterPro; IPR002959; TNF_alpha.

DR InterPro; IPR006052; TNF_family.

DR InterPro; IPR008983; TNF_like.

DR InterPro; IPR003636; TNF_subf.

DR Pfam; PF00229; TNF_1.

DR PRINTS; PR01234; TNECROSISFCT.

DR PRODOM; PD002012; TNF_subf. 1.

DR SMART; SM00207; TNF_1.

DR PROSITE; PS00251; TNF_1; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS50049; TNF_2; 1.

FT NON TER 1 1

SQ SEQUENCE 138 AA; 15269 MW; 29275E84F4CD5068 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 138;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 14

Q7XYL8 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 139 AA.

AC Q7XYL8; 01-OCT-2003 (TRENBLREL. 25, Created)

DT 01-OCT-2003 (TRENBLREL. 25, Last sequence update)

DE 01-MAR-2004 (TRENBLREL. 26, Last annotation update)

GN Phytoene synthase (Fragment).

OC Chlorarachnion sp. (strain CCM 621) (Pedinomonas multissima).

OC Eukaryota; Cercozoa; Chlorarachniophyceae; Bigelowiella.

OX NCBI_TaxID=227086;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN=CCM 621;

RX MEDLINE=22709102; PubMed=12777624; DOI=10.1073/pnas.1230951100;

RA Archibald J.M., Rogers M.B., Toop M., Ishida K., Keeling P.J.;

RT "lateral gene transfer and the evolution of plastid-targeted proteins in the secondary plastid-containing alga Bigelowiella natans."

RT Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 100:7678-7683(2003).

DR EMBL; AY267662; AAF79176.1; -. DR GO; GO:0016740; P:transferase activity; IEA.

DR GO; GO:0009058; P:biosynthesis; IEA.

DR InterPro; IPR002060; Squ/phyt synthase.

DR InterPro; IPR008949; Terpenoid_synth.

DR Pfam; PF00494; SQS_PST; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS01045; SQUALEN_PHYTOEN_SYN_2; UNKNOWN_1.

FT NON TER 1 1

SQ SEQUENCE 139 AA; 15984 MW; E47FDCA34130B6D CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 139;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 15

Q7NFX2 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 139 AA.

AC Q7NFX2; 01-MAR-2004 (TRENBLREL. 26, Created)

DT 01-MAR-2004 (TRENBLREL. 26, Last sequence update)

DE 01-MAR-2004 (TRENBLREL. 26, Last annotation update)

GN G113402 protein.

OS OrderedOcumenNames=g113402;

OS Gloeobacter violaceus.

OC Bacteria; Cyanobacteria; Chroococcales; Gloeobacter.

OX NCBI_TaxID=33072;

RP [1] SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN=PCC 7421;

RX MEDLINE=22977040; PubMed=14621292;

RA Nakamura Y., Kaneo T., Sato S., Miyamoto S., Watanabe A., Kawashima K., Kishida Y., Kiyokawa C.,

RA Kohara M., Matsumoto M., Matsuno A., Nakazaki N., Shimpo S.,

RA Takeuchi C., Yamada M., Tabata S.;

RT "Complete genome structure of Gloeobacter violaceus PCC 7421, a

RT cyanobacterium that lacks thylakoids."

RL DNA Res. 10:137-145(2003).

DR EMBL; AP006580; BAC91343.1; -. Complete proteome.

SQ SEQUENCE 139 AA; 15634 MW; 131E2BFE8344F36 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 24; DB 2; Length 139;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 LNRA 5
Db 42 LNRA 46

Search completed: February 16, 2005, 20:34:08

Job time : 55.5 secs

This Page Blank (uspto)